



LICENSING SUB-COMMITTEE

To: Councillors Lowe, Forrest, Gerrard and Ranson* (For attention)
**Councillor Ranson is the Reserve Member*

All other members of the Council
(For information)

You are requested to attend the meeting of the Licensing Sub-committee to be held in Committee Room 1, at the Council Offices, Southfields, Loughborough on Wednesday, 3rd May 2023 at 2.00 pm for the following business.

Chief Executive

Southfields
Loughborough

20th April 2023

AGENDA

1. INTERESTS

Members of the Sub-committee are asked to confirm that they are not aware of any interests or other reason which might prejudice the ability to hold a fair hearing and make a sound determination of the matters to be considered.

2. INTRODUCTIONS AND PROCEDURE FOR MEETING

3 - 4

The Chair is asked to introduce the various parties and explain the procedure to be followed in conducting the hearing.

3. APPLICATION FOR FULL VARIATION TO PREMISES LICENCE
(LICENSING ACT 2003)

5 - 111

To consider an application for full variation to a premises licence (Central England Co-operative, 929-931 Loughborough Road, Rothley LE7 7NH).

Papers in respect of the matter are attached for the Sub-committee's consideration.

ITEM 2 – PROCEDURE FOR THE MEETING

PREMISES LICENCE APPLICATION

Procedure to be followed:

- This is not a court and strict rules of procedure and evidence therefore do not apply.
- Evidence will not be given under oath, however all parties are reminded that the deliberate telling of untrue statements is a criminal offence under section 158 of the Licensing Act.
- All evidence will be given so far as possible by parties seated in their current positions. There is no need for anyone to stand.
- Any statement, comment or question must be addressed through the Chair. There will be no direct cross-examination by any person of any other person.
- The Chair has and will exercise the right to intervene and interrupt any person if that person is providing evidence that is not relevant to the proceedings or to the four licensing objectives.
- As a reminder to all parties attending, the four licensing objectives are:
 - The prevention of crime and disorder
 - Public safety
 - The prevention of public nuisance
 - The protection of children from harm
- If any person behaves in an unruly, abusive or disruptive manner, the Chair shall exercise his/her right as Chair to adjourn the hearing in order to have that person removed from the meeting.
- The order in which evidence is to be given to the Licensing Sub-committee is as follows:
 1. The Licensing Manager will present her report.
 2. The Applicant will present their information in support of the application.
 3. The Interested Parties will present their evidence in support of their representations.

4. Finally, the Interested Parties and the Applicant can make a closing speech summing up their representations/application.
- With the consent of the Sub-committee, parties will be given the opportunity to ask questions following the presentation of evidence in 1-3 above.
 - Any person may be represented by another person of his/her choosing whether that person is legally qualified or not.
 - Any person may withdraw their submission in regard to this application at this Hearing.
 - The Chair and the other two Licensing Sub-committee members may ask questions at any time of any person in order to clarify any matter, or to clarify any condition proposed to be put onto the Premises Licence should it be granted.
 - Requests from any of the parties for permission for another person to appear at the hearing as a witness will be considered by the Sub-committee.
 - At the end of the hearing, the Licensing Sub-committee will withdraw from the hearing and will privately deliberate in order to consider all the evidence before giving a final determination of this application. During deliberations, the Licensing Sub-committee will be accompanied by the Sub-committee's Legal Advisor who will advise on the law. The Legal Advisor will not make any recommendation as to the determination to be given.
 - Any advice given to the Sub-committee will also be given to all other parties here today.
 - The Sub-committee will endeavour to make a final determination today.
 - The determination will be sent in writing to all the parties at this hearing and all other persons who have made representations previously.

TITLE OF REPORT: **Application for variation of a Premises Licence**
Central England Co-operative, 929 – 931 Loughborough
Road, Rothley, Leicestershire, LE7 7NH

REPORT OF: **Licensing Manager – Regulatory Services**

1. PURPOSE OF THE REPORT

This report provides information for Members about a variation application made for Central England Co-operative, 929 – 931 Loughborough Road, Rothley, Leicestershire, LE7 7NH under the Licensing Act 2003. The report is to assist Members in determining the outcome of the variation application. It summarises the representations received, highlights the licensing objectives, the relevant parts of the guidance and regulations and the relevant sections of Charnwood Borough Council's Licensing Policy.

2. BACKGROUND

Central England Co-operative Limited has held a Premises Licence at 929 – 931 Loughborough Road, Rothley, Leicestershire, LE7 7NH since November 2011. The current Premises Licence (PREM12015) is attached at **Appendix 1**.

3. CURRENT APPLICATION

The application to vary the Premises Licence was submitted by Knights Solicitors for the applicant on 13 May 2022.

The proposed variation seeks to change the licensable activity hours for the sale of alcohol (off sales).

A copy of the variation application is attached at **Appendix 2**.

The variation application was advertised in accordance with the provisions of the Licensing Act Regulations 2005. A copy of the required blue notice and newspaper advertisement is attached at **Appendix 3**.

This application for the variation of the Premises Licence was made under s34 of the Licensing Act 2003 for the following:

Supply of alcohol (Off the premises)

- Monday to Sunday 06.30 to 22.00

Mandatory (compulsory) Conditions are issued by the Secretary of State and are applied (where relevant) to all Premises Licenses selling alcohol. A full list of all Mandatory Conditions is attached at **Appendix 4**.

Representations

Two representations have been received from local residents.

The representations have been made on the grounds of the following licensing objectives:

- Public Safety
- The Prevention of Public Nuisance
- Protection of Children from Harm

Full details of the representation are attached at **Appendix 5**.

Additional Information

No representations have been received from any of the Responsible Authorities.

Planning have contacted Licensing to advise that they do not wish to object to the variation application, but they have drawn our attention to a restriction regarding the hours of use:

'The Premises Licence seeks to extend the hours of opening beyond the opening hours permitted by the approval granted under planning application reference P/11/2054/2.

'No retail sales at the premises shall be carried out other than between 0700 hours and 2230 hours on any day of the week.

REASON: The premises are close to residential property and a limit on the use is needed to prevent a nuisance or annoyance to nearby residents.'

Parties

The Parties to the hearing will be:

- a) The Applicant, Knights for the Applicant (Central England Co-Operative)
- b) Interested Parties, Residents

4. FOR CONSIDERATION

The areas for consideration by the Sub-Committee are:

- The application for a variation of the Premises Licence
- The representations received from local residents
- Whether or not the application should be varied and
- The conditions to be attached to the varied Club Premises Certificate (if granted).

5. POLICY & GUIDANCE

When carrying out its functions the Sub-Committee must have regard to:

- (a) the Statement of Charnwood Council's Licensing Policy, and
- (b) the Amended Guidance issued under Section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003 by the Secretary of State.

Charnwood Borough Council's Licensing Policy is attached at **Appendix 6**.

Relevant parts of the Amended 182 Guidance are attached at **Appendix 7**.

The parties may refer to the Policy and Guidance during the hearing.

6. FOR DECISION

Having considered the variation application and representation, Members must consider whether to;

- Vary the Premises Licence without modification.
- Vary the Premises Licence to include additional conditions.
- Reject the variation application.

The Licensing Authority may attach conditions to any Premises Licence which are necessary for the promotion of the Licensing Objectives. A copy of the Model Pool of Conditions from Charnwood Borough Councils Statement of Licensing Policy is attached at **Appendix 8**.

Appendix 9 shows:

- Current plan held on file
- Area plan

**Charnwood Borough Council****Part A****Premises licence number****PREMI2015****Part I – Premises details**

Postal address of premises, or if none, ordnance survey map reference or description

Central England Co-operative
929-931 Loughborough Road

Post town Rothley

Post code LE7 7NH

Telephone number 01509 414949

Alan Twells
Head of Regulatory Services
Thursday, 26 January 2023

Licensable activities authorised by the licence

Sale of Alcohol

The times the licence authorises the carrying out of licensable activities

Sale of Alcohol

Monday to Sunday 07:00 to 22:00

The opening hours of the premises

Monday :	06:00 to 00:00
Tuesday :	06:00 to 00:00
Wednesday :	06:00 to 00:00
Thursday :	06:00 to 00:00
Friday :	06:00 to 00:00
Saturday :	06:00 to 00:00
Sunday :	06:00 to 00:00

Where the licence authorises supplies of alcohol whether these are on and/ or off supplies

OFF

Part 2

Name, (registered) address, telephone number and email (where relevant) of holder of premises licence

Name: Central England Co-operative Limited

Address: Central House
Hermes Road
Lichfield
Staffordshire

Postcode: WS13 6RH

Telephone: 01543 421406

Registered number of holder, for example company number, charity number (where applicable)

10143R

Name, address and telephone number of designated premises supervisor where the premises licence authorises the supply of alcohol

Name: Nicola Pallatt

Address: Woodfield Road
Rothley
Leicestershire

Postcode: LE7 7RE

Telephone: 0116

Personal licence number and issuing authority of personal licence held by designated premises supervisor where the premises licence authorises for the supply of alcohol

Licence No: PERS9792

Issuing Authority: Charnwood Borough Council



ANNEX 1

MANDATORY CONDITIONS

Mandatory Conditions applicable to all Premises Licences & Club Premises Certificates under the Licensing Act 2003

Supply of Alcohol

1. No supply of alcohol may be made under the premises licence:
 - (a) at a time when there is no designated premises supervisor in respect of the premises licence, or
 - (b) at a time when the designated premises supervisor does not hold a personal licence or his personal licence is suspended.
2. Every supply of alcohol under the premises licence must be made or authorised by a person who holds a personal licence.

Exhibition of Films

3. Where a premises licence authorises the exhibition of films, the licence must include a condition requiring the admission of children to the exhibition of any film to be restricted in accordance with this section.
4. Where the film classification body is specified in the licence, unless subsection (3)(b) applies, admission of children must be restricted in accordance with any recommendation made by that body.
5. Where-
 - (a) The film classification body is not specified in the licence, or
 - (b) The relevant licensing authority has notified the holder of the licence that this subsection applies to the film in question,admission of children must be restricted in accordance with any recommendation made by that licensing authority.
6. In this section "Children" - means persons aged under 18; and "Film classification body" means the person or persons designated as the authority under section 4 of the Video Recordings Act 1984 (c.39) (authority to determine suitability of video works for classification).

Door Supervision

7. Where a premises licence includes a condition that at specified times one or more individuals must be at the premises to carry out a security activity, that licence must include a condition that each such individual must:
 - (a) Be authorised to carry out that activity by a licence granted under the Private Security Industry Act 2001;
 - (b) Be entitled to carry out activity by virtue of section 4 of the Act.

8. But nothing in subsection (1) requires such a condition to be imposed:
 - (a) In respect of premises within paragraph 8(3)(a) of Schedule 2 to the Private Security Industry Act 2001 (c.12) (premises with premises licences authorising plays or films); or
 - (b) In respect of premises in relation to:
 - (i) Any occasion mentioned in paragraph 8(3)(b) or (c) of that Schedule (premises being used exclusively by club with club premises certificate, under a temporary event notice authorising plays or films or under a gaming licence), or
 - (ii) Any occasion within paragraph 8(3)(d) of that Schedule (occasions prescribed by regulations under that Act).

9. For the purposes of this section:
 - (a) "Security activity" means an activity to which paragraph 2(1)(a) of that Schedule applies, and which is licensable conduct for the purposes of that Act.
 - (b) Paragraph 8(5) of that Schedule (interpretation of references to an occasion) applies as it applies in relation to paragraph 8 of that Schedule.

Age Verification

10. The premises licence holder or club premises certificate holder must ensure that an age verification policy is adopted in respect of the premises in relation to the sale or supply of alcohol.

11. The designated premises supervisor in relation to the premises licence must ensure that the supply of alcohol at the premises is carried on in accordance with the age verification policy.

12. The policy must require individuals who appear to the responsible person to be under 18 years of age (or such older age as may be specified in the policy) to produce on request, before being served alcohol, identification bearing their photograph, date of birth and either:
 - (a) a holographic mark, or
 - (b) an ultraviolet feature.

Permitted Price

13. A relevant person shall ensure that no alcohol is sold or supplied for consumption on or off the premises for a price which is less than the permitted price.

14. For the purpose of this condition set out in paragraph 1:

(a) "duty" is to be construed in accordance with the Alcoholic Liquor Duties Act 1979(a);

(b) "permitted price" is the price found by applying the formula-

$$P = D + (D \times V)$$

Where:

(i) P is the permitted price,

(ii) D is the amount of duty chargeable in relation to the alcohol as if the duty were charged on the date of the sale or supply of the alcohol, and

(iii) V is the rate of value added tax chargeable in relation to the alcohol as if the value added tax were charged on the date of the sale or supply of the alcohol;

(c) "relevant person" means, in relation to premises in respect of which there is in force a premises licence -

(i) the holder of the premises licence,

(ii) the designated premises supervisor (if any) in respect of such a licence, or

(iii) the personal licence holder who makes or authorises a supply of alcohol under such a licence;

(d) "relevant person" means, in relation to premises in respect of which there is in force a club premises certificate, any member or officer of the club present on the premises in a capacity which enables the member or officer to prevent the supply in question; and

(e) "value added tax" means value added tax charged in accordance with the Value Added Tax Act 1994(b).

15. Where the permitted price given by Paragraph (b) of paragraph 2 would (apart from this paragraph) not be a whole number of pennies, the price given by that sub-paragraph shall be taken to be the price actually given by that sub-paragraph rounded up to the nearest penny.

16.(1) Sub-paragraph (2) applies where the permitted price given by Paragraph (b) of paragraph 2 on a day (“the first day”) would be different from the permitted price on the next day (“the second day”) as a result of a change to the rate of duty or value added tax.

(2) The permitted price which would apply on the first day applies to sales or supplies of alcohol which take place before the expiry of the period of 14 days beginning on the second day.

Irresponsible Drink Promotions (applicable to ‘on’ & ‘off’ sales)

17. The responsible person must ensure that staff on relevant premises do not carry out, arrange or participate in any irresponsible promotions in relation to the premises.

18. In this paragraph, an irresponsible promotion means any one or more of the following activities, or substantially similar activities, carried on for the purpose of encouraging the sale or supply of alcohol for consumption on the premises:

(a) games or other activities which require or encourage, or are designed to require or encourage, individuals to:

(i) drink a quantity of alcohol within a time limit (other than to drink alcohol sold or supplied on the premises before the cessation of the period in which the responsible person is authorised to sell or supply alcohol), or

(ii) drink as much alcohol as possible (whether within a time limit or otherwise).

(b) provision of unlimited or unspecified quantities of alcohol free or for a fixed or discounted fee to the public or to a group defined by a particular characteristic in a manner which carries a significant risk of undermining a licensing objective;

(c) provision of free or discounted alcohol or any other thing as a prize to encourage or reward the purchase and consumption of alcohol over a period of 24 hours or less in a manner which carries a significant risk of undermining a licensing objective;

(d) selling or supplying alcohol in association with promotional posters or flyers on, or in the vicinity of, the premises which can reasonably be considered to condone, encourage or glamorise anti-social behaviour or to refer to the effects of drunkenness in any favourable manner;

(e) dispensing alcohol directly by one person into the mouth of another (other than where that other person is unable to drink without assistance by reason of disability).

19. The responsible person must ensure that free potable water is provided on request to customers where it is reasonably available.

Alcoholic Drink Measures

20. The responsible person must ensure that:

- (a) where any of the following alcoholic drinks is sold or supplied for consumption on the premises (other than alcoholic drinks sold or supplied having been made up in advance ready for sale or supply in a securely closed container) it is available to customers in the following measures—
 - (i) beer or cider: ½ pint;
 - (ii) gin, rum, vodka or whisky: 25 ml or 35 ml; and
 - (iii) still wine in a glass: 125 ml;
- (b) these measures are displayed in a menu, price list or other printed material which is available to customers on the premises; and
- (c) where a customer does not in relation to a sale of alcohol specify the quantity of alcohol to be sold, the customer is made aware that these measures are available.”

ANNEX 2 – OPERATING SCHEDULE CONDITIONS

PREVENTION OF CRIME AND DISORDER

CCTV shall be installed to specifications and locations agreed with the Leicestershire Constabulary Crime Reduction Officer and maintained in accordance with the Information Commissioner's Code of Practice. The CCTV shall record at all times premises are open for any licensable activity. All images are to be held for a minimum of 28 days. If a tape system is used all tapes are to be held in secure holding facility and all tapes are to be replaced every 6 months with new ones. This is to be recorded in an incident book for the premises. All images held are to be available immediately on request by any of the Responsible Authorities.

Training will be provided for all staff before they are allowed to sell alcohol and will include Challenge 25, proof of age, management conflict and refusals records. The training will be documented. The Premises Licence Holder or Designated Premises Supervisor will check that the training has been understood. The training will be repeated at least every 6 months, or, in accordance with the Home Authority's recommendations. Records of training will be provided to Responsible Authorities and the Licensing Authority on request.

PUBLIC SAFETY

All appropriate steps are taken to ensure public safety and risk assessments are carried out to approved statutory authority standards

THE PREVENTION OF PUBLIC NUISANCE

It is not envisaged that there will be any public nuisance arising from the operation of the premises. However, if any issues are raised during the operation of the premises then the premises licence holder would work with all appropriate authorities to resolve any such issues.

THE PROTECTION OF CHILDREN FROM HARM

A Challenge 25 policy shall be operated at the premises at all times. All staff shall require identification of all customers who appear to be less than 25 years old and wish to purchase alcohol. Acceptable proof of age will be a UK passport, UK photographic driving licence, a PASS approved proof of age card or a Ministry of Defence ID card. No other form of identification shall be accepted.

If a traditional refusal log system is not going to be used, the store will install and maintain an Electronic Point of Sale system with a programme which will determine age-restricted products. Upon scanning an age-restricted product, the sales assistant will evidence the individual's age by means of asking for identification, as per item 1. The system shall record all challenges made, which will be checked and monitored by the Designated Premise Supervisor monthly. This information will be made available upon request by any Responsible Authority.

The premises licence holder shall use reasonable endeavours to ensure that any third party delivery service has procedures in place to facilitate the delivery of alcohol in accordance with a challenge 25 proof of age scheme (or other suitable age verification scheme), to be undertaken at the point of delivery to any customer with the failure to provide satisfactory identification resulting in a refused delivery

ANNEX 3 – LICENSING COMMITTEE CONDITIONS

None.

ANNEX 4 – PREMISES PLAN

The plans relating to the Premises Licence are referenced as;

RC CENTRAL ENGLAND CO-OP ROTHLEY PREM12015 11.01.2023



Charnwood Borough Council

Part B

Premises Licence Summary

Premises licence number

PREMI2015

Premises details

Postal address of premises, or if none, ordnance survey map reference or description

Central England Co-operative
929-931 Loughborough Road

Post town Rothley

Post code LE7 7NH

Telephone number 01509 414949

Alan Twells
Head of Regulatory Services
Thursday, 26 January 2023

Licensable activities authorised by the licence

Sale of Alcohol

The times the licence authorises the carrying out of licensable activities

Sale of Alcohol

Monday to Sunday 07:00 to 22.00

The opening hours of the premises

Monday : 06:00 to 00:00
Tuesday : 06:00 to 00:00
Wednesday : 06:00 to 00:00
Thursday : 06:00 to 00:00
Friday : 06:00 to 00:00
Saturday : 06:00 to 00:00
Sunday : 06:00 to 00:00

Where the licence authorises supplies of alcohol whether these are on and/ or off supplies

OFF

Name, (registered) address of holder of premises licence

Name: Central England Co-operative Limited

Address: Central House

Hermes Road

Lichfield

Staffordshire

Postcode: WS13 6RH

Registered number of holder, for example company number, charity number (where applicable)

10143R

Name of designated premises supervisor where the premises licence authorises the supply of alcohol

Name: Nicola Pallatt

State whether access to the premises by children is restricted or prohibited

See attached conditions

Application to vary a premises licence under the Licensing Act 2003**PLEASE READ THE FOLLOWING INSTRUCTIONS FIRST**

Before completing this form please read the guidance notes at the end of the form.
If you are completing this form by hand please write legibly in block capitals. In all cases ensure that your answers are inside the boxes and written in black ink. Use additional sheets if necessary.

You may wish to keep a copy of the completed form for your records.

I/We Central England Co-operative Limited

(Insert name(s) of applicant)

being the premises licence holder, apply to vary a premises licence under section 34 of the Licensing Act 2003 for the premises described in Part 1 below

Premises licence number PREM12015

Part 1 – Premises Details

Postal address of premises or, if none, ordnance survey map reference or description

Central England Co-operative 929-931 Loughborough Road

Post town	Rothley	Post code	LE7 7NH
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Telephone number at premises (if any)	
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Non-domestic rateable value of premises	£ 60,500
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Part 2 - Applicant Details

Daytime contact telephone number	Central England Co-operative Limited
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E-mail address (optional)	
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Current postal address if different from premises address	Central England Co-operative Central House Hermes Road
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Post Town	Lichfield	Postcode	WS13 6RH
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Part 3 - Variation

Please tick yes

Do you want the proposed variation to have effect as soon as possible?

If not do you want the variation to take effect from

Day	Month	Year

Please describe briefly the nature of the proposed variation (please see guidance note 1)

An extension of the times that the premises are permitted for the sale of alcohol by retail by an additional 30 minutes in the morning, to begin at 06:30am and end at 22:00pm (Monday to Sunday).

If your proposed variation would mean that 5,000 or more people are expected to attend the premises at any one time, please state the number expected to attend

N	/	A
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Part 3 Operating Schedule

Provision of regulated entertainment

Please tick yes

- a) plays (if ticking yes, fill in box A)
- b) films (if ticking yes, fill in box B)
- c) indoor sporting events (if ticking yes, fill in box C)
- d) boxing or wrestling entertainment (if ticking yes, fill in box D)
- e) live music (if ticking yes, fill in box E)
- f) recorded music (if ticking yes, fill in box F)
- g) performances of dance (if ticking yes, fill in box G)
- h) anything of a similar description to that falling within (e), (f) or (g) (if ticking yes, fill in box H)

Provision of late night refreshment (if ticking yes, fill in box I)

Supply of alcohol (if ticking yes, fill in box J)

In all cases complete boxes K, L and M

A

Plays Standard days and timings (please read guidance note 6)			Will the performance of a play take place indoors or outdoors or both – please tick (please read guidance note 2)	Indoors	<input type="checkbox"/>
				Outdoors	<input type="checkbox"/>
				Both	<input type="checkbox"/>
Day	Start	Finish	Please give further details here (please read guidance note 3)		
Mon					
Tue			State any seasonal variations for performing plays (please read guidance note 4)		
Wed					
Thur			Non standard timings. Where you intend to use the premises for the performance of plays at different times to those listed in the column on the left, please list (please read guidance note 5)		
Fri					
Sat					
Sun					

B

Films Standard days and timings (please read guidance note 6)			Will the exhibition of films take place indoors or outdoors or both – please tick (please read guidance note 2)	Indoors	<input type="checkbox"/>
				Outdoors	<input type="checkbox"/>
				Both	<input type="checkbox"/>
Day	Start	Finish			
Mon			Please give further details here (please read guidance note 3)		
Tue			State any seasonal variations for the exhibition of films (please read guidance note 4)		
Wed			Non standard timings. Where you intend to use the premises for the exhibition of films at different times to those listed in the column on the left, please list (please read guidance note 5)		
Thur					
Fri					
Sat					
Sun					

C

Indoor sporting events Standard days and timings (please read guidance note 6)			<u>Please give further details</u> (please read guidance note 3)
Day	Start	Finish	
Mon			
Tue			<u>State any seasonal variations for indoor sporting events</u> (please read guidance note 4)
Wed			
Thur			<u>Non standard timings. Where you intend to use the premises for indoor sporting events at different times to those listed in the column on the left, please list</u> (please read guidance note 5)
Fri			
Sat			
Sun			

D

Boxing or wrestling entertainments Standard days and timings (please read guidance note 6)			<u>Will the boxing or wrestling entertainment take place indoors or outdoors or both – please tick</u> (please read guidance note 2)	Indoors	<input type="checkbox"/>
				Outdoors	<input type="checkbox"/>
				Both	<input type="checkbox"/>
Day	Start	Finish	<u>Please give further details here</u> (please read guidance note 3)		
Mon					
Tue			<u>State any seasonal variations for boxing or wrestling entertainment</u> (please read guidance note 4)		
Wed					
Thur			<u>Non standard timings. Where you intend to use the premises for boxing or wrestling entertainment at different times to those listed in the column on the left, please list</u> (please read guidance note 5)		
Fri					
Sat					
Sun					

E

Live music Standard days and timings (please read guidance note 6)			Will the performance of live music take place indoors or outdoors or both – please tick (please read guidance note 2)	Indoors	<input type="checkbox"/>
				Outdoors	<input type="checkbox"/>
				Both	<input type="checkbox"/>
Day	Start	Finish	Please give further details here (please read guidance note 3)		
Mon					
Tue					
Wed			State any seasonal variations for the performance of live music (please read guidance note 4)		
Thur					
			Non standard timings. Where you intend to use the premises for the performance of live music at different times to those listed in the column on the left, please list (please read guidance note 5)		
Fri					
Sat					
Sun					

F

Recorded music Standard days and timings (please read guidance note 6)			<u>Will the playing of recorded music take place indoors or outdoors or both – please tick</u> (please read guidance note 2)	Indoors	<input type="checkbox"/>
				Outdoors	<input type="checkbox"/>
				Both	<input type="checkbox"/>
Day	Start	Finish			
Mon			<u>Please give further details here</u> (please read guidance note 3)		
Tue					
Wed			<u>State any seasonal variations for the playing of recorded music</u> (please read guidance note 4)		
Thur					
Fri			<u>Non standard timings. Where you intend to use the premises for the playing of recorded music at different times to those listed in the column on the left, please list</u> (please read guidance note 5)		
Sat					
Sun					

G

Performances of dance Standard days and timings (please read guidance note 6)			<u>Will the performance of dance take place indoors or outdoors or both – please tick</u> (please read guidance note 2)	Indoors	<input type="checkbox"/>
				Outdoors	<input type="checkbox"/>
				Both	<input type="checkbox"/>
Day	Start	Finish	<u>Please give further details here</u> (please read guidance note 3)		
Mon					
Tue			<u>State any seasonal variations for the performance of dance</u> (please read guidance note 4)		
Wed					
Thur			<u>Non standard timings. Where you intend to use the premises for the performance of dance at different times to those listed in the column on the left, please list</u> (please read guidance note 5)		
Fri					
Sat					
Sun					

H

Anything of a similar description to that falling within (e), (f) or (g) Standard days and timings (please read guidance note 6)			<u>Please give a description of the type of entertainment you will be providing</u>		
Day	Start	Finish	<u>Will this entertainment take place indoors or outdoors or both – please tick</u> (please read guidance note 2)	Indoors	<input type="checkbox"/>
Mon				Outdoors	<input type="checkbox"/>
				Both	<input type="checkbox"/>
Tue			<u>Please give further details here</u> (please read guidance note 3)		
Wed					
Thur			<u>State any seasonal variations for entertainment of a similar description to that falling within (e), (f) or (g)</u> (please read guidance note 4)		
Fri					
Sat			<u>Non standard timings. Where you intend to use the premises for the entertainment of a similar description to that falling within (e), (f) or (g) at different times to those listed in the column on the left, please list</u> (please read guidance note 5)		
Sun					

I

Late night refreshment Standard days and timings (please read guidance note 6)			Will the provision of late night refreshment take place indoors or outdoors or both – please tick (please read guidance note 2)	Indoors	<input type="checkbox"/>
				Outdoors	<input type="checkbox"/>
				Both	<input type="checkbox"/>
Day	Start	Finish			
Mon			<u>Please give further details here</u> (please read guidance note 3)		
Tue					
Wed			<u>State any seasonal variations for the provision of late night refreshment</u> (please read guidance note 4)		
Thur					
Fri			<u>Non standard timings. Where you intend to use the premises for the provision of late night refreshment at different times, to those listed in the column on the left, please list</u> (please read guidance note 5)		
Sat					
Sun					

J

Supply of alcohol Standard days and timings (please read guidance note 6)			Will the supply of alcohol be for consumption (Please tick box) (please read guidance note 7)	On the premises	<input type="checkbox"/>
				Off the premises	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
				Both	<input type="checkbox"/>
Day	Start	Finish	State any seasonal variations for the supply of alcohol (please read guidance note 4)		
Mon	06:30	22:00			
Tue	06:30	22:00			
Wed	06:30	22:00			
Thur	06:30	22:00			
Fri	06:30	22:00			
Sat	06:30	22:00			
Sun	06:30	22:00			
			Non standard timings. Where you intend to use the premises for the supply of alcohol at different times to those listed in the column on the left, please list (please read guidance note 5)		

K

Please highlight any adult entertainment or services, activities, other entertainment or matters ancillary to the use of the premises that may give rise to concern in respect of children (please read guidance note 8)

As far as the applicant is aware none of the proposed activities should give rise to concern in respect of children.

L

Hours premises are open to the public Standard days and timings (please read guidance note 6)			State any seasonal variations (please read guidance note 4)
Day	Start	Finish	
Mon	06:00	00:00	
Tue	06:00	00:00	
Wed	06:00	00:00	
Thur	06:00	00:00	
Fri	06:00	00:00	Non standard timings. Where you intend the premises to be open to the public at different times from those listed in the column on the left, please list (please read guidance note 5) The premises may be open outside of these hours for the purpose of non-licensable activities.
Sat	06:00	00:00	
Sun	06:00	00:00	

Please identify those conditions currently imposed on the licence which you believe could be removed as a consequence of the proposed variation you are seeking

N/A

Please tick yes

- I have enclosed the premises licence
- I have enclosed the relevant part of the premises licence

Reasons why I have failed to enclose the premises licence or relevant part of the premises licence

N/A

M Describe any additional steps you intend to take to promote the four licensing objectives as a result of the proposed variation:

a) General – all four licensing objectives (b,c,d,e) (please read guidance note 9)

The applicant does not consider that the variation proposed in this application will have a material impact on any of the licensing objectives and therefore does not consider additional steps to be appropriate.

b) The prevention of crime and disorder

See above.

c) Public safety

See above.

d) The prevention of public nuisance

See above.

e) The protection of children from harm

See above.

Please tick yes

- I have made or enclosed payment of the fee
- I have sent copies of this application and the plan to responsible authorities and others where applicable
- I understand that I must now advertise my application
- I have enclosed the premises licence or relevant part of it or explanation
- I understand that if I do not comply with the above requirements my application will be rejected
- {Applicable to all individual applicants, including those in a partnership which is not a limited liability partnership, but not companies or limited liability partnerships} I have included documents demonstrating my entitlement to work in the United Kingdom or my share code issued by the Home Office online right to work checking service (please read note 15)

IT IS AN OFFENCE, LIABLE ON CONVICTION TO A FINE UP TO LEVEL 5 ON THE STANDARD SCALE, UNDER SECTION 158 OF THE LICENSING ACT 2003 TO MAKE A FALSE STATEMENT IN OR IN CONNECTION WITH THIS APPLICATION

Part 5 – Signatures (please read guidance note 10)

Signature of applicant (the current premises licence holder) or applicant’s solicitor or other duly authorised agent (See guidance note 11). **If signing on behalf of the applicant please state in what capacity.**

Signature	Knights
Date	07/03/2023
Capacity	Solicitors for the applicant

Where the premises licence is jointly held signature of 2nd applicant (the current premises licence holder) or 2nd applicant’s solicitor or other authorised agent (please read guidance note 12). **If signing on behalf of the applicant please state in what capacity.**

Signature	
Date	
Capacity	

Contact name (where not previously given) and postal address for correspondence associated with this application (please read guidance note 13)			
Joe Bailey KNIGHTS 2 St Peter's Square			
Post town	Manchester	Post code	M2 3AA
Telephone number (if any)			
If you would prefer us to correspond with you by e-mail your e-mail address (optional) joe.bailey@knightsplc.com			

Motors

Scrap Cars/Salvage

WANTED WANTED WANTED WANTED WANTED WANTED

VEHICLES WANTED

EAST MIDLANDS NO.1 VEHICLE BUYERS
CARS | VANS | BIKES | 4X4'S & CARAVANS
BROUGHT FOR CASH

DAMAGED | MOT FAILURES | UNWANTED |
 PROJECTS, BARN FINDS & CLASSICS |
 ANYTHING CONSIDERED

FREE COLLECTION | DVLA
NOTIFIED | MINIMUM £50-£10K

07801 789 234

WANTED WANTED WANTED WANTED WANTED WANTED



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Public Notices

Alcohol & Licensing

Public Notice
Licensing Act 2003 (Section 17)
Application for premises licence

Notice is hereby given, that an application was made to Leicester City Council for a premises licence under the above Act.

Applicant(s) Name: Leicestergaypride.co.uk
Address of Premises: Abbey Park, Leicester
Proposed Licensable Activities: Live music, Sale of alcohol, Recorded music
Proposed Days and Hours: 2nd September, 12pm-10pm
Other Proposed Changes: To take place once a year
The postal address of the Licensing Authority where the register is kept and the application may be inspected is: Customer Service Centre, 91 Granby Street, Leicester, LE1 6FB.

Any person wishing to make representations on this matter shall give notice, in writing, stating the nature of such representations before 07/04/23 to the Licensing Officer, City Hall, 115 Charles Street, Leicester, LE1 1FZ within 28 days of the date of the application above. Further details on how to make a valid representation are on the Licensing Authorities website www.leicester.gov.uk or from the Licensing Team on 0116 454 3040.

It is an offence knowingly or recklessly to make a false statement in connection with an application and the maximum fine for which a person is liable on summary conviction for the offence is unlimited.

Planning

LEICESTER CITY COUNCIL
PLANNING (LISTED BUILDINGS AND CONSERVATION AREAS) ACT 1990.
TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING
(DEVELOPMENT MANAGEMENT PROCEDURE) (ENGLAND)
ORDER 2015 (ARTICLE 15). PLANNING (LISTED BUILDINGS AND CONSERVATION AREAS) REGULATIONS 1990

Leicester City Council as Local Planning Authority have received the following applications, which may be inspected at www.leicester.gov.uk/planningdatabase or at the Customer Service Centre, 91 Granby Street, LE1 6FB. Anyone wishing to make comments on an application should do so within 21 days (excluding bank holidays) of the date of this notice, at www.leicester.gov.uk/planningdatabase using the Application Number. Any comments received will be placed on a file and on the council's web site, which anyone can see.

20230063 - 15 Elms Rd, Lester Hall Apartments
 Replacement of brick pillars & gates at front of care home (Class C2). Applicant: Mr A Baume. The site is in the Stoneygate Conservation Area & affects the setting of 32 Ratcliffe Rd (Grade II listed) Leicester City Council Planning
 City Hall, 115 Charles Street
 Leicester LE1 1FZ
 Email: planning@leicester.gov.uk
 Telephone (0116) 454 1000

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Public Notice

Licensing Act 2003 (Section 17)

Application for premises licence

A new premises licence application has been made by 61 Barbers Ltd, 61 Queens Road, Clarendon Park, Leicester, LE2 1TT.

Licensable activities-live music/recorded music & alcohol (on). Music Fri/Sat 18.00-01.00 Alcohol Mon-Thurs 09.00-18.00 Fri 09.00-01.00 Sat 08.00-01.00. Any representations must be made in writing to Licensing Authority by 4 April 2023 to Leicester City Council, Customer Services Centre, 91 Granby Street, Leicester, LE1 6FB. It is an offence knowingly or recklessly to make a false statement in connection with an application & the maximum fine for the offence is unlimited.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION TO VARY A PREMISES LICENCE

Notice is hereby given that an application has been made by Central England Co-operative Limited in respect of premises known as Central England Co-operative located at 929-931 Loughborough Road, Rothley, LE7 7NH to Charnwood Borough Council on 7 March 2023 for the variation of a premises licence. The proposed variation is: For an extension of the times that the premises are permitted for the sale of alcohol by retail by an additional 30 minutes in the morning to begin at 06:30am and end at 22:00pm (Monday to Sunday). Full details of the variation are contained within the application form held by Licensing Section, Charnwood Borough Council, Southfield Road, Loughborough, LE11 2RX, where the licensing register can be inspected during the Authority's normal opening hours or online by visiting their website at https://www.charnwood.gov.uk/pages/premises_licences_v2

Any representations by a responsible authority or other person regarding the above-mentioned application must be made in writing to The Licensing Authority at the above address or to licensing@charnwood.gov.uk no later than 4 April 2023, stating the grounds upon which the representation is being made.

It is an offence to knowingly or recklessly make a false statement in connection with an application. The maximum financial penalty on summary conviction is unlimited.

KNIGHTS
 2 St Peter's Square
 Manchester
 M2 3AA

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NOTICE OF APPLICATION TO VARY A PREMISES LICENCE

Notice is hereby given that an application has been made by Central England Co-operative Limited in respect of premises known as Central England Co-operative located at 929-931 Loughborough Road, Rothley, LE7 7NH to Charnwood Borough Council on 7 March 2023 for the variation of a premises licence.

The proposed variation is:

For an extension of the times that the premises are permitted for the sale of alcohol by retail by an additional 30 minutes in the morning, to begin at 06:30am and end at 22:00pm (Monday to Sunday).

Full details of the variation are contained within the application form held by Licensing Section, Charnwood Borough Council, Southfield Road, Loughborough, LE11 2RX, where the licensing register can be inspected during the Authority's normal opening hours or online by visiting their website at https://www.charnwood.gov.uk/pages/premises_licences_v2

Any representations by a responsible authority or other person regarding the above-mentioned application must be made in writing to The Licensing Authority at the above address or to licensing@charnwood.gov.uk no later than 4 April 2023, stating the grounds upon which the representation is being made.

It is an offence to knowingly or recklessly make a false statement in connection with an application. The maximum financial penalty on summary conviction is unlimited.

KNIGHTS
2 St Peter's Square
Manchester
M2 3AA

MANDATORY CONDITIONS

Mandatory Conditions applicable to all Premises Licences & Club Premises Certificates under the Licensing Act 2003

Supply of Alcohol

1. No supply of alcohol may be made under the premises licence:
 - (a) at a time when there is no designated premises supervisor in respect of the premises licence, or
 - (b) at a time when the designated premises supervisor does not hold a personal licence or his personal licence is suspended.
2. Every supply of alcohol under the premises licence must be made or authorised by a person who holds a personal licence.

Exhibition of Films

3. Where a premises licence authorises the exhibition of films, the licence must include a condition requiring the admission of children to the exhibition of any film to be restricted in accordance with this section.
4. Where the film classification body is specified in the licence, unless subsection (3)(b) applies, admission of children must be restricted in accordance with any recommendation made by that body.
5. Where-
 - (a) The film classification body is not specified in the licence, or
 - (b) The relevant licensing authority has notified the holder of the licence that this subsection applies to the film in question,
admission of children must be restricted in accordance with any recommendation made by that licensing authority.
6. In this section “Children” - means persons aged under 18; and “Film classification body” means the person or persons designated as the authority under section 4 of the Video Recordings Act 1984 (c.39) (authority to determine suitability of video works for classification).

Door Supervision

7. Where a premises licence includes a condition that at specified times one or more individuals must be at the premises to carry out a security activity, that licence must include a condition that each such individual must:
 - (a) Be authorised to carry out that activity by a licence granted under the Private Security Industry Act 2001;
 - (b) Be entitled to carry out activity by virtue of section 4 of the Act.

8. But nothing in subsection (1) requires such a condition to be imposed:
- (a) In respect of premises within paragraph 8(3)(a) of Schedule 2 to the Private Security Industry Act 2001 (c.12) (premises with premises licences authorising plays or films); or
 - (b) In respect of premises in relation to:
 - (i) Any occasion mentioned in paragraph 8(3)(b) or (c) of that Schedule (premises being used exclusively by club with club premises certificate, under a temporary event notice authorising plays or films or under a gaming licence), or
 - (ii) Any occasion within paragraph 8(3)(d) of that Schedule (occasions prescribed by regulations under that Act).
9. For the purposes of this section:
- (a) "Security activity" means an activity to which paragraph 2(1)(a) of that Schedule applies, and which is licensable conduct for the purposes of that Act.
 - (b) Paragraph 8(5) of that Schedule (interpretation of references to an occasion) applies as it applies in relation to paragraph 8 of that Schedule.

Age Verification

10. The premises licence holder or club premises certificate holder must ensure that an age verification policy is adopted in respect of the premises in relation to the sale or supply of alcohol.
11. The designated premises supervisor in relation to the premises licence must ensure that the supply of alcohol at the premises is carried on in accordance with the age verification policy.
12. The policy must require individuals who appear to the responsible person to be under 18 years of age (or such older age as may be specified in the policy) to produce on request, before being served alcohol, identification bearing their photograph, date of birth and either:
- (a) a holographic mark, or
 - (b) an ultraviolet feature.

Permitted Price

13. A relevant person shall ensure that no alcohol is sold or supplied for consumption on or off the premises for a price which is less than the permitted price.

14. For the purpose of this condition set out in paragraph 1:

(a) "duty" is to be construed in accordance with the Alcoholic Liquor Duties Act 1979(a);

(b) "permitted price" is the price found by applying the formula-

$$P = D + (D \times V)$$

Where:

(i) P is the permitted price,

(ii) D is the amount of duty chargeable in relation to the alcohol as if the duty were charged on the date of the sale or supply of the alcohol, and

(iii) V is the rate of value added tax chargeable in relation to the alcohol as if the value added tax were charged on the date of the sale or supply of the alcohol;

(c) "relevant person" means, in relation to premises in respect of which there is in force a premises licence -

(i) the holder of the premises licence,

(ii) the designated premises supervisor (if any) in respect of such a licence, or

(iii) the personal licence holder who makes or authorises a supply of alcohol under such a licence;

(d) "relevant person" means, in relation to premises in respect of which there is in force a club premises certificate, any member or officer of the club present on the premises in a capacity which enables the member or officer to prevent the supply in question; and

(e) "value added tax" means value added tax charged in accordance with the Value Added Tax Act 1994(b).

15. Where the permitted price given by Paragraph (b) of paragraph 2 would (apart from this paragraph) not be a whole number of pennies, the price given by that sub-paragraph shall be taken to be the price actually given by that sub-paragraph rounded up to the nearest penny.

16. (1) Sub-paragraph (2) applies where the permitted price given by Paragraph (b) of paragraph 2 on a day ("the first day") would be different from the permitted price on the next day ("the second day") as a result of a change to the rate of duty or value added tax.

(2) The permitted price which would apply on the first day applies to sales or supplies of alcohol which take place before the expiry of the period of 14 days beginning on the second day.

Irresponsible Drink Promotions (applicable to 'on' & 'off' sales)

17. The responsible person must ensure that staff on relevant premises do not carry out, arrange or participate in any irresponsible promotions in relation to the premises.
18. In this paragraph, an irresponsible promotion means any one or more of the following activities, or substantially similar activities, carried on for the purpose of encouraging the sale or supply of alcohol for consumption on the premises:
- (a) games or other activities which require or encourage, or are designed to require or encourage, individuals to:
 - (i) drink a quantity of alcohol within a time limit (other than to drink alcohol sold or supplied on the premises before the cessation of the period in which the responsible person is authorised to sell or supply alcohol), or
 - (ii) drink as much alcohol as possible (whether within a time limit or otherwise).
 - (b) provision of unlimited or unspecified quantities of alcohol free or for a fixed or discounted fee to the public or to a group defined by a particular characteristic in a manner which carries a significant risk of undermining a licensing objective;
 - (c) provision of free or discounted alcohol or any other thing as a prize to encourage or reward the purchase and consumption of alcohol over a period of 24 hours or less in a manner which carries a significant risk of undermining a licensing objective;
 - (d) selling or supplying alcohol in association with promotional posters or flyers on, or in the vicinity of, the premises which can reasonably be considered to condone, encourage or glamorise anti-social behaviour or to refer to the effects of drunkenness in any favourable manner;
 - (e) dispensing alcohol directly by one person into the mouth of another (other than where that other person is unable to drink without assistance by reason of disability).
19. The responsible person must ensure that free potable water is provided on request to customers where it is reasonably available.

Alcoholic Drink Measures

20. The responsible person must ensure that:

- (a) where any of the following alcoholic drinks is sold or supplied for consumption on the premises (other than alcoholic drinks sold or supplied having been made up in advance ready for sale or supply in a securely closed container) it is available to customers in the following measures—
 - (i) beer or cider: ½ pint;
 - (ii) gin, rum, vodka or whisky: 25 ml or 35 ml; and
 - (iii) still wine in a glass: 125 ml;
- (b) these measures are displayed in a menu, price list or other printed material which is available to customers on the premises; and
- (c) where a customer does not in relation to a sale of alcohol specify the quantity of alcohol to be sold, the customer is made aware that these measures are available.”



Representations on a Current Application for a Grant/Variation/Review of a Premises Licence or Club Premises Certificate under The Licensing Act 2003

Before completing this form please read the Guidance Notes at the end of the form. If you are completing this form by hand please write legibly in block capitals. In all cases ensure that your answers are inside the boxes and written in black ink. Use additional sheets if necessary. You may wish to keep a copy of the completed form for your records.

GARY AND CAROL BOLINGBROKE

I/We (Insert name).....wish to make representation in relation to an application that has been made in respect of the premises described in Part 1 below.

PART 1 – PREMISES OR CLUB PREMISES DETAILS

Postal Address of Premises or Club Premises, or if none, ordnance survey map reference or description	
929-931 LOUGHBOROUGH ROAD, ROTHLEY	
Post Town LEICESTER	Post Code LE7 7NH

Name of premises licence holder or club holding club premises certificate (if known)
CENTRAL ENGLAND CO-OPERATIVE LTD

Number of premises licence or club premise certificate (if known)

PART 2 – DETAILS OF PERSON MAKING REPRESENTATION

- | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|
| | Please
Tick ✓ |
| 1) A responsible authority (please complete (C) below) | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 2) A member of the club to which this representation relates (please complete (A) below) | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 3) Other persons (Please complete (A) or (B) below) | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |

(A) DETAILS OF INDIVIDUAL MAKING REPRESENTATION (fill in as applicable)

Mr Mrs Miss Ms Other Title (for example, Re)

Surname

First Names

I am 18 years old or over Yes (Please Tick)

Current Address	925 LOUGHBOROUGH ROAD, ROTHLEY		
Post Town	LEICESTER	Post Code	LE7 7NH

Daytime contact telephone number

E-mail address (optional)

(B) DETAILS OF OTHER PARTY MAKING REPRESENTATION (e.g Body or Business)

Name and Address

Telephone Number (If any)	
E-Mail address (optional)	

(C) DETAILS OF RESPONSIBLE AUTHORITY MAKING REPRESENTATION

Name and Address

Telephone Number (If any)	
E-Mail address (optional)	

This representation relates to the following licensing objective(s)

Please
Tick ✓

1. **The Prevention of Crime and Disorder**
2. **Public Safety**
3. **The Prevention of Public Nuisance**
4. **The Protection of Children from Harm**

Please state the ground(s) for representation (please read guidance note 1)

The Prevention of Crime and Disorder

Public Safety

EXISTING SAFETY RISKS WILL BE EXACERBATED IF OPENING HOURS ARE EXTENDED. RISKS TO OTHER ROAD USERS AND PEDESTRIANS:

1. LORRIES REVERSING IN AND OUT OF THE ENTRANCE, IGNORING THE NO REVERSING SIGN. LORRIES SHOULD ENTER BY LOUGHBOROUGH ROAD, AND LEAVE BY COSSINGTON LANE.
2. NORTH BOUND TRAFFIC REGULARLY USES THE SOUTH BOUND CARRIAGEWAY AS A SHORT CUT TO THE CO-OP, TO AVOID WAITING WITH VEHICLES QUEUING AT THE TRAFFIC LIGHTS.

The Prevention of Public Nuisance

1. NOISE FROM VEHICLES AT UNSOCIABLE HOURS BAD ENOUGH, WITHOUT EXTENDING THE HOURS EVEN EARLIER IN THE MORNING. CAR DOORS BANGING, LOUD RADIOS, ENGINES RUNNING. LORRIES UNLOADING, DROPPING NOISY TAILGATES AND DELIVERY RACKS.
2. CO-OP CUSTOMERS OFTEN PARK IN FRONT OF OUR HOUSE, SOMETIMES OBSTRUCTING OUR DRIVE, AND ALSO BLOCKING THE VIEW OF ONCOMING TRAFFIC WHEN WE NEED TO LEAVE.

The Protection of Children from Harm

AS PUBLIC SAFETY POINTS ABOVE. CHILDREN ARE MORE AT RISK, AS THEY TEND TO RUN TOWARDS THE CO-OP, AND PERHAPS ARE NOT AS OBSERVANT AS ADULTS.

Please provide as much information as possible to support the representation

(Please read guidance note 2)



Please
Tick ✓

Have you made any representation relating to these premises before?

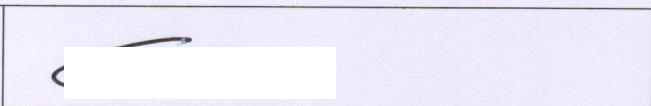
If Yes, please state the date of that representation

Day		Month		Year			

If you have made representation before relating to these premises please state what they were and when you made them.

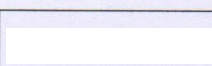
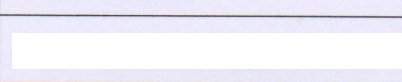
Part 3 – Signatures (Please read guidance note 3)

Signature of representative or representative’s solicitor or other duly authorised agent. (See guidance note 4) If signing on behalf of the representative please state in what capacity.

Signature		Date	30/03/23
Capacity			

Please Note – Your address will be a matter of public records if the application to which this representation relates is referred to the Licensing Committee to determine at a Hearing.

Contact name (where not previously given) and address for correspondence associated with this representation. (Please read guidance note 5)	
925 LOUGHBOROUGH ROAD, ROTHLEY	
Post Town LEICESTER	Post Code LE7 7NH

Telephone Number (if any)	
E-mail Address (optional)	

Notes for Guidance

1. The ground(s) for representation **must** be based on one or more of the licensing objectives.
2. Please list any additional information or details for example dates of problems, which are included in the grounds for representation, if applicable.
3. The representation form must be signed.
4. A representative’s agent (for example solicitor) may sign the form on their behalf provided that they have actual authority to do so.
5. This is the address which we shall use to correspond with you about this representation.
6. For further information about the Licensing Act 2003 please contact: The Licensing Section, Charnwood Borough Council, Southfield Road, Loughborough, Leicestershire, LE11 2TX. Tel: 01509 634562 Email: Licensing@charnwood.gov.uk.



Charnwood

Representations on a Current Application for a Grant/Variation/Review of a Premises Licence or Club Premises Certificate under The Licensing Act 2003

Before completing this form please read the Guidance Notes at the end of the form. If you are completing this form by hand please write legibly in block capitals. In all cases ensure that your answers are inside the boxes and written in black ink. Use additional sheets if necessary. You may wish to keep a copy of the completed form for your records.

I/We (Insert name) Mr T Taylor wish to make representation in relation to an application that has been made in respect of the premises described in Part 1 below.

PART 1 – PREMISES OR CLUB PREMISES DETAILS

Postal Address of Premises or Club Premises, or if none, Ordnance Survey map reference or description

927 Loughborough Rd Rothley

Post Town

Leicester

Post Code

LE7 7NH

Name of premises licence holder or club holding club premises certificate (if known)

The Co-operative

Number of premises licence or club premises certificate (if known)

PART 2 – DETAILS OF PERSON MAKING REPRESENTATION

Please Tick

- 1) A responsible authority (please complete (C) below)
- 2) A member of the club to which this representation relates (please complete (A) below)
- 3) Other persons (Please complete (A) or (B) below)

(A) DETAILS OF INDIVIDUAL MAKING REPRESENTATION (fill in as applicable)

Mr Mrs Miss Ms Other Title (for example, Re)

Surname

First Names

I am 18 years old or over Yes (Please Tick)

Current Address	927 Loughborough Road Rothley		
Post Town	Leicester	Post Code	LE7 7NH

Daytime contact telephone number

E-mail address (optional)

(B) DETAILS OF OTHER PARTY MAKING REPRESENTATION (e.g Body or Business)

Name and Address

Telephone Number (If any)	
E-Mail address (optional)	

(C) DETAILS OF RESPONSIBLE AUTHORITY MAKING REPRESENTATION

Name and Address

Telephone Number (If any)	
E-Mail address (optional)	

This representation relates to the following licensing objective(s)

- 1. The Prevention of Crime and Disorder
- 2. Public Safety
- 3. The Prevention of Public Nuisance
- 4. The Protection of Children from Harm

Please Tick ✓

Please state the ground(s) for representation (please read guidance note 1)

The Prevention of Crime and Disorder

More traffic lorrys reversing of the A6 into Carpark when they should drive in from A6 and go out onto Cossington lane. Which was agreed before the shop was opened in 2011. More shop lifting & drunks leaving there cans & rubbish

Public Safety

The Prevention of Public Nuisance

Cars cutting across from the A6 and cutting up cars coming the other way. Also when reversing into my drive. With lorrys reversing into the carpark children are at risk & the management are not (see other page)

The Protection of Children from Harm

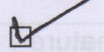
Please provide as much information as possible to support the representation

(Please read guidance note 2)

bothered. It's only a matter of time
when a child or somebody will be killed.
We have cars parking next to our house
with some with their radios & engines
running when they go into the shop all day long.
We have the delivery lorries dropping their tail
gates down hard onto the carpark as soon as
the shop is open. (7am to 7pm 7 day week)
I have complained to the Co-op head office
many times about about this and they tell me it
will be sorted. This never happens and it seems
that the Co-op does what it wants with NO
respect for the house holds around it.
When the new houses are built towards Birstall
there will be more cars going into the shop.

Please
Tick ✓

Have you made any representation relating to these premises before?



If Yes, please state the date of that representation


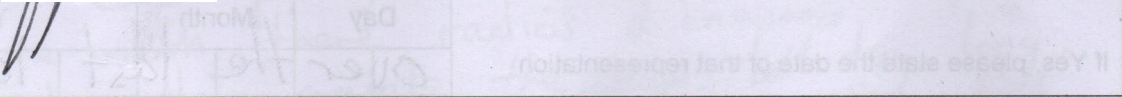
Day	Month	Year
Over the	last	10 years

If you have made representation before relating to these premises please state what they were and when you made them.

I've complained over the last 10 years about lorries reversing into the car park. We also have abuse from drivers coming out of the Co-op when we are trying to get out of over drive way. My family & friends are upset by the abuse they get when they come to see ^{Me} at home I've lived in my house for over 37 years and due to privet matters we have not been able to keep up on the movement of cars & lorries. It's got to a point that do we move and get away from this area. I've lived in Rothley all my life and sadly we may have to go. Due to the Co-op shop. My family has been in Rothley for over 174 years.

Part 3 – Signatures (Please read guidance note 3)

Signature of representative or representative's solicitor or other duly authorised agent. (See guidance note 4) If signing on behalf of the representative please state in what capacity.

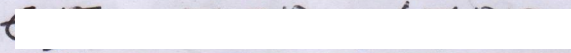

Signature		Date	2-4-2023
Capacity			

Please Note – Your address will be a matter of public records if the application to which this representation relates is referred to the Licensing Committee to determine at a Hearing.

Contact name (where not previously given) and address for correspondence associated with this representation. (Please read guidance note 5)

927 Loughborough RD Rothley

Post Town	Leicester	Post Code	LE7 7NH
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Telephone Number (if any)	
E-mail Address (optional)	

Notes for Guidance

1. The ground(s) for representation **must** be based on one or more of the licensing objectives.
2. Please list any additional information or details for example dates of problems, which are included in the grounds for representation, if applicable.
3. The representation form must be signed.
4. A representative's agent (for example solicitor) may sign the form on their behalf provided that they have actual authority to do so.
5. This is the address which we shall use to correspond with you about this representation.
6. For further information about the Licensing Act 2003 please contact: The Licensing Section, Charnwood Borough Council, Southfield Road, Loughborough, Leicestershire, LE11 2TX. Tel: 01509 634562 Email: Licensing@charnwood.gov.uk.



Licensing Act 2003

Statement of Licensing Policy

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Charnwood Borough Council

Statement of Licensing Policy

1 Introduction

1.1 Purpose

The Statement of Licensing Policy is a requirement under Section 5 of the 2003 Act and explains how Charnwood Borough Council (referred to throughout this policy as the 'licensing authority') will carry out its role under the Licensing Act 2003, during the next five years. During this period the licensing authority will keep the policy under review and may make revisions to the document following consultation with the bodies outlined below.

It will also:

- provide members of the Licensing Authority with a decision-making framework.
- inform applicants about the expectations of the Licensing Authority and how applications will be viewed.
- how a licensed premises is likely to be able to operate within the area of the Licensing Authority, albeit that each application will be examined and considered on an individual basis.
- To provide guidance to residents and businesses about how applications will be viewed and how their needs will be addressed. This will assist those parties when making representations in relation to various applications.
- to support decisions made by the Licensing Authority if it has to demonstrate in a Court of Law how it arrived at its licensing decisions.

This Policy is normally in place for five years but will be kept under review during that five-year period.

1.2 Consultation

In developing this Statement, the Licensing Authority, and in accordance with the requirements of the Act, has consulted with the groups set out below, and has taken account of their views:

- the Chief Officer of Police for the licensing authority's area,
- the fire authority for the area
- Director of Public Health
- representatives of local premises licence holders.
- representatives of local club premises certificate holders.
- representatives of local personal licence holders
- representatives of businesses and residents in its area

- other groups that the Licensing Authority considered appropriate

1.3 Licensable **Activities**

For the purposes of the 2003 Act, the following are licensable activities:

- the sale of alcohol by retail
- the supply of alcohol by or on behalf of a club, or to the order of, a member of the club
- the provision of late-night refreshment
- the provision of regulated entertainment,

The descriptions of entertainment activities licensable under the 2003 Act are:

- a performance of a play.
- an exhibition of a film.
- an indoor sporting events.
- a boxing or wrestling entertainment.
- a performance of live music.
- any playing of recorded music.
- a performance of dance; and
- entertainment of a similar description to a performance of live music, any playing of recorded music or a performance of dance.

To be licensable, one or more of these activities needs to be provided for the purpose (at least partly) of entertaining an audience; has to be held on premises made available for the purpose of enabling that activity; and must also either:

- take place in the presence of a public audience, or
- where that activity takes place in private, be the subject of a charge made with a view to profit.

Amendments made to the 2003 Act by the *Live Music Act 2012* and the *Licensing Act 2003 (Descriptions of Entertainment) (Amendment) Order 2013*, *Legislative Reform Order 2014*, and the *Deregulation Act 2015*, means that a licence is not required for the following activities to the extent that take place between **08:00- 23:00** on any day:

- a performance of a play in the presence of any audience of no more than 500 people.
- an indoor sporting event in the presence of any audience of no more than 1,000 people, this includes Greco Roman or free style wrestling
- most performances of dance in the presence of any audience of no more than 500 people; and

- live music, where the live music comprises.
 - a performance of unamplified live music
 - a performance of live amplified music in a workplace with an audience of no more than 500 people; or
 - a performance of live or recorded music on licensed premises which takes place in the presence of an audience of no more than 500 people, subject to certain conditions being met.
- Recorded music, where recorded music comprises.
 - Any playing of recorded music on licensed premises which takes place in the presence of an audience of no more than 500.
 - Any playing of recorded music in unlicensed premises, subject to certain conditions being met.
 - Dance – no licence is required for performances on any day provided that the audience does not exceed 500.

Where de-regulated activities take place on licensed premises any licence conditions relating to 'live' music or entertainment will be suspended, but it is possible to impose new, or reinstate existing conditions following a review of a premises licence or club premises certificate.

When considering whether an activity constitutes 'the provision of regulated Entertainment', each case will be treated on its own merits. There will inevitably be a degree of judgement as to whether a performance is live music or not, so organisers of events are encouraged to contact the Licensing Authority, providing as much detail as possible, to discuss whether a licence will be required.

Unauthorised Activity: It is a criminal offence under section 136 of the 2003 Act to carry on any of the licensable activities listed above other than in accordance with a licence or other authorisation under the 2003 Act. If an unauthorised activity takes place, then the Police and local authorities have powers to take action.

2 Fundamental Principles

2.1 Background

This Statement of Licensing Policy is the key document relied upon when delivering the requirements of the Licensing Act 2003. However, all decisions relating to licences will be made on the merits of the individual case, having regard to this policy as part of the decision-making process.

2.2 Immigration Act 2016- Right to Work

The Immigration Act amended the 2003 Act and introduced the requirement for immigration safeguards in respect of licensing applications. The intention

is to prevent illegal working in premises licensed for the sale of alcohol or late-night refreshment.

The statutory prevention of crime objective in the 2003 Act includes the prevention of immigration crime and the prevention of illegal working in licensed premises. Licensing authorities work with the Home Office (Immigration Enforcement) as well as the police, in respect of these matters.

The Home Secretary (in practice Home Office (Immigration Enforcement)) act as a responsible authority in the licensing regime, which requires Home Office (Immigration Enforcement) to receive premises licence applications (except regulated entertainment only licences), and in some limited circumstances personal licence applications, and permits Home Office (Immigration Enforcement) to make appropriate representations and objections to the grant of a licence.

Immigration officers are permitted to enter premises which they have reason to believe are being used to sell alcohol or provide late night refreshment, to investigate whether immigration offences are being committed in connection with the licensable activity.

2.3 Entitlement to Work

Individuals applying for a premises licence for the sale of alcohol or late-night refreshment must be entitled to work in the UK. This includes applications made by more than one individual applicant. An application made by an individual without the entitlement to work in the UK must be rejected. This applies to applications which include the sale of alcohol and the provisions of late-night refreshment but does not include applications which apply to regulated entertainment only.

Applicants must demonstrate that they have the right to work in the UK and are not subject to a condition preventing them from doing work relating to the carrying on of a licensable activity. An applicant can do this in two ways.

1. By providing with their application copies or scanned copies of the documents which an applicant may provide to demonstrate their entitlement to work in the UK (these copies do not need to be certified) and are published on the Councils web site GOV.uk and in guidance issued under s182 of the Licensing Act 2003.
2. By providing their 'share code' to enable the licensing authority to carry out a check using the Home Office online right to work checking service. (See guidance on application forms)

2.4 Promotion of the Licensing Objectives

The licensing authority will carry out its functions under the Licensing Act 2003 with a view to promoting the licensing objectives.

- The Prevention of Crime and Disorder.
- Public safety.
- The Prevention of Public Nuisance; and
- The Protection of Children from Harm.

Each objective is of equal importance and the four objectives will be paramount considerations of the Licensing Authority at all times.

It is for the applicant to decide what measures, if any, to suggest in the operating schedule of the application form, to address any potential concerns that might arise in the promotion of the licensing objectives. The measures proposed in the operating schedule will be converted into conditions on the licence.

Responsible Authorities or other persons may make representations if they feel that the applicant's proposals do not adequately promote the Licensing Objectives. An applicant, who proposes no measures on their operating schedule to promote the Licensing Objectives, may face more representations than an applicant who has risk assessed their operation and proposes required and proportionate measures.

The Licensing Authority recommends that applicants discuss their application early with Responsible Authorities. Most Responsible Authorities would be willing to discuss matters with an applicant with a view to reaching an agreement on measures to be proposed. This can prevent representations at a later date. Contact details for the Responsible Authorities can be found on the Licensing pages of the Council web site or by contacting the Licensing Section.

Where no representations are made the Licensing Authority must grant a licence subject to conditions consistent with the operating schedule.

2.5 Balance

The licensing authority seeks to achieve a balance between leisure/entertainment and the needs of residents and other businesses for an acceptable environment and quality of life.

This Policy does not undermine the right of any applicant to apply for a variety of permissions and to have any such application considered on its individual merits. Nor will it override the right of any person to make representations on an application or seek a review of a licence, where provision has been made for them to do so in the Licensing Act 2003.

2.6 Relevancy

Licensing is about the control of premises and places being used for licensable activities and the vicinity of those premises and places. The terms and conditions attached to various permissions are focused on relevant matters that are within the control of the holders of those permissions. This means those matters occurring at, and in the immediate vicinity of, the premises, and the direct impact they have on nearby residents and businesses.

Licensing law is not a mechanism for the general control of anti-social behaviour by individuals once they are beyond the direct control of the individual, club or business holding the licence, certificate or permission concerned.

3 Cumulative Impact

The Licensing Authority recognises that there can be confusion about the difference between “need” and “cumulative impact” of premises on the licensing objectives, for example, on crime and disorder. “Need” concerns the commercial demand for another pub, restaurant, etc. This is not a matter for a licensing authority in discharging the licensing functions or for this statement of licensing policy. “Need” is a matter for planning committees and for the market. On the other hand, the cumulative impact of licensed premises on the promotion of the licensing objectives is a proper matter for the licensing authority and its licensing committee to consider.

In certain situations, the number, type, and density of premises selling alcohol or providing late night refreshment may be associated with serious problems of crime and disorder. Where the impact on surrounding areas of customers taken together may be greater than the usual impact of customers from individual premises the licensing authority may consider that an area has become saturated with licensed premises.

The Licensing Authority received a representation from the Leicestershire Police that the circumstances described above exist in relation to parts of Loughborough’s Town Centre, and that the grant of further premises licences or club premises certificates would undermine the crime prevention objective.

In response to this representation the Licensing Authority:

- Considered evidence about the extent of the problem of crime and disorder.
- Considered evidence about the likely association of the problem with the number and density of licensed premises in the town centre.
- Consulted on the proposal for a special policy in relation to new licences and variations to existing ones within the town centre.

- Considered the outcome of that consultation; and
- Resolved to declare the special policy described in Section 4 below.

The authority recognises that once away from licensed premises, there is always a risk that a minority of consumers will behave badly and unlawfully. Depending on the circumstances, there are other mechanisms available for addressing such issues for instance:

- planning controls.
- positive measures to create a safe and clean town centre environment in partnership with local businesses, transport operators and other departments of the local authority.
- the provision of CCTV surveillance in town centres, ample taxi ranks, provision of public conveniences open late at night, street cleaning and litter patrols.
- powers of local authorities to designate parts of the local authority area as places where alcohol may not be consumed publicly.
- police enforcement of the general law concerning disorder and anti-social behaviour, including the issuing of fixed penalty notices.
- the prosecution of any personal licence holder or member of staff at such premises who is selling alcohol to people who are drunk.
- a Public Spaces Protection Order (PSPO) is designed to stop individuals or groups committing anti-social behaviour in a public space and gives the police a power to confiscate alcohol from adults and children in designated areas.
- A closure notice of up to 48 hours, can be issued by the Council or Police without going to Court, where there is nuisance to the public or disorder near to the premises.
- the power of the police, other responsible authorities or a local resident or business to seek a review of the licence or certificate in question.

4. Special Policy on Cumulative Impact

The Licensing Authority will adopt a special policy on cumulative impact in relation to the area of the Town Centre (shown in Appendix 4):

- bounded by Sparrow Hill, Church Gate, Steeple Row, Rectory Place, Bridge Street, Broad Street, Ashby Road, Frederick Street, Browns Lane Bedford Square, Southfield Road, Barrow Street, Jubilee Way and Pinfold Gate.
- Including both sides of the streets bounding the area.
- Including Ashby Road to its junction with Storer Road; and Nottingham Road, to the entrance to the Falcon Works.

The Licensing Authority recognises, however, that this policy cannot be absolute, and it will continue to consider each application on its merit. Licences that are unlikely to add to the problems of saturation would be

approved.

The Special Policy does not however change the fundamental way that licensing decisions are made. It is therefore open to the Licensing Authority to grant and application where it is considered appropriate and the where the applicant has demonstrated in their operating schedule that they would not be adding to the cumulative impact.

Applications in areas covered by the Special policy should therefore give consideration to potential cumulative impact issues when setting out the steps that will be taken to promote the licensing objectives. The authority acknowledges that the impact will be different for premises with different styles and characteristics.

The Special Policy does not relieve responsible authorities (or any other person) of the need to make relevant representations where they consider it appropriate to do so for the promotion of the licensing objectives. As with all licensing applications under the 2003 Act, if there are no representations, the licensing authority must grant the application in terms that are consistent with the operating schedule submitted.

Once a Cumulative Impact Assessment is carried out and a 'Special Policy on Cumulative Impact' published, the licensing authority within three years considers whether it remains of the same opinion. In order to decide whether it remains of the same opinion, or if it considers that it needs to be amended the licensing authority must undertake appropriate consultation before any amendment is made.

The special policy will not be used to:

- remove a licence when representations are received about problems with an existing licensed premises; or to
- justify the rejection of modifications to a licence except where those modifications are directly relevant to the special policy; or to
- adopt quotas or set terminal hours in a particular area that pre-determine the individual merits of any application.

5. Licensing Hours

With regard to licensing hours, the Government acknowledges that different licensing approaches may be appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives in different areas. The Licensing Act 2003 gives the Licensing Authority power to make decisions that relate to the hours for which a premise is licensed. In consultation with other Responsible Authorities, consideration will be given to the licensing objectives of the prevention of crime and disorder and the prevention of public nuisance each case will be decided on its individual merits.

It is recognised that staggered licensing hours are important to help to ensure that concentrations of customers leaving licensed premises simultaneously is reduced. In turn this reduces the potential for disorder at fast food outlets, taxi ranks and other sources of transport.

In relation to shops and other retail outlets supplying alcohol for consumption off the premises, the general policy will be to allow sales of alcohol at all times that the premises is open for business unless there are good reasons based on the licensing objectives to restrict the hours.

In making decisions in respect of licensing hours, consideration will be given to relevant representations made by residents and businesses, their representatives, and the police as well as the applicant. This may lead to the imposition of stricter conditions on noise controls in areas having denser residential accommodation.

Fixed trading hours will not be set for particular geographical areas. It should be stressed that each case will be decided on its own merits based on whether the licensing objectives can be met.

5.1 Local, National and International Occasions

It should be possible for applicants for premises licences and club premises certificates to anticipate special occasions which occur regularly each year, such as bank holidays, and to include appropriate opening hours in their operating schedules.

Additional occasions, which require an extension, may be covered by a temporary event notice.

Exceptional events of local, national, or international significance may arise which could not have been anticipated when the application was first made. In these circumstances, the Secretary of State may make a licensing hours order to allow premises to open for specified, generally extended, hours on these special occasions. This avoids the need for large numbers of applications to vary premises licences and club premises certificates. Typical events might include a Royal Wedding or Royal Jubilee.

5.2 Drinking up time

The traditional 'drinking up time' was not carried over into the Licensing Act 2003. However, the hours during which applicants are licensed to sell or supply alcohol and the opening hours need not be identical and therefore applicants seeking permission for the sale of alcohol for consumption on the premises are recommended to consider a drinking up/cooling down period during which music volume may be reduced, customers may consume their

drinks and make arrangements for transport from the premises. The Licensing Authority considers that a 30-minute drinking up time, where relevant, will assist in the gradual dispersal of customers and consequently reduce the impact on the area.

Where relevant representations are made the Licensing Authority will consider incorporating drinking up time where this is necessary and proportionate to promote the licensing objectives in any individual case.

6. Operating Schedule – Promotion of the Licensing Objectives.

The Licensing Authority is required to carry out its functions to promote the licensing objectives.

This includes its role in:

- Granting or refusing applications for licences.
- Reviewing licences.
- Imposing conditions.
- Deciding how to integrate with other strategies of the council.

Licence applications should be accompanied by an operating schedule that includes the steps that the licensee proposes to take to promote the licensing objectives. Applicants are expected to have regard to this Statement of Licensing Policy and be aware of the expectations of the Licensing Authority and the Responsible Authorities as to the steps appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives.

The Licensing Authority expects that the process of developing the operating schedule will include a thorough risk assessment regarding the licensing objectives, which will assist in identifying those steps. The risk assessment will vary dependent on the nature of the business, and it is for applicants to decide what is appropriate in each case.

An operating schedule should include enough information to enable the Licensing Authority, Responsible Authority, or other interested party to assess the steps taken to promote the four licensing objectives.

Applicants for licences are urged to discuss their proposals with the responsible authorities prior to submitting an application. This will enable them to seek advice on the production of their operating schedule and may avoid the need for a hearing in response to representations made by the authorities.

The relevant authorities are:

- Prevention of Crime and Disorder – Leicestershire Police, Leicester Crime Reduction Partnership and Leicestershire Trading Standards, Home Office Immigration Enforcement (on behalf of the Secretary of

State).

- Public Safety – Leicestershire Police, Leicestershire Fire and Rescue, the Council's Environmental Health Officers with responsibility for Health & Safety
- Public Nuisance – the Borough Council's Environmental Health Officers with responsibility for Pollution Control
- Protection of Children from Harm – Leicester Area Child Protection Committee, Leicestershire Police and Leicestershire Trading Standards, Leicestershire Public Health.

Further information is provided in the following sections of this policy on a variety of steps to promote the licensing objectives that the Licensing Authority will support. However, the Licensing Authority will not impose them indiscriminately. It is for the applicant to decide which of these are appropriate for inclusion in the operating schedule for the premises, based on the exact circumstances involved. The Licensing Authority will consider the information set out below, on steps to promote the licensing objectives, when undertaking the functions identified in Paragraph 6.1 above.

7 The Prevention of Crime and Disorder

7.1 CCTV

The presence of CCTV cameras both inside and immediately outside the premises can actively deter disorder, nuisance, anti-social behaviour, and crime generally. The Licensing Authority will therefore support the provision of CCTV in town centre pubs and clubs and town centre late night refreshment premises.

7.2 Open Containers of Alcohol

A significant part of the town centre is the subject of a Public Spaces Protection Order (PSPO). This is an area where there is a power for the Police to request someone to refrain from drinking to address nuisance or annoyance. Failure to comply with this request is a criminal offence. To support this, the Licensing Authority considers it appropriate for town centre premises to adopt a policy of prohibiting open containers of alcohol being taken from the premises. This approach will also prevent the use of these containers as offensive weapons.

7.3 Irresponsible Drinks Promotions

The Licensing Authority will support an approach to the marketing of alcohol and the management of licensed premises that promotes responsibility in the consumption of alcohol. Determining whether a drinks promotion is irresponsible or not will require a subjective judgement.

The sale of alcohol to persons who are already drunk is an offence under the Act. The incidence of drunken people present at premises may provide an indication that the marketing and sale of alcohol at the premises is not being approached in a responsible way.

7.4 Alcohol Deliveries

If an applicant is applying for a licence which allows them to provide alcohol as part of an alcohol delivery service, should consider including in their operating schedule how they intend to operate to ensure that.

- The person who they are selling alcohol to is over the age of 18.
- That alcohol is only delivered to a person over 18 years of age.
- That there is a clear document trail of dispatch from the licensed premise and delivery to customer, showing times and signatures which can be made available for inspection by an authorised officer.
- That the times of alcohol being sold on the website, over the telephone and the time the alcohol is delivered is within the hours stated on the licence for the sale of alcohol.

7.5 Dance Venues

The culture of dance venues requires that special consideration be given to the steps required to prevent crime and disorder and promote public safety. It is recommended that operators of night clubs providing facilities for dancing are aware of the detailed guidance provided in the “*Safer Clubbing Guide*” published by the Government;

http://www.csdp.org/research/safer_clubbing_txt.pdf

7.6 Other Steps to Promote the Prevention of Crime and Disorder

There is a wide range of other steps which may be appropriate circumstances including.

- Prohibiting the sale of alcohol in bottles for consumption on the premises, to prevent their use as weapons
- Requiring drinking vessels to be plastic or toughened glass
- Requiring the provision of retail radios to connect premises supervisors in town centres to the police
- Appropriate measures to prevent overcrowding in parts of the premises
- The provision of staff to control admission and to control customers inside the premises.
- The adoption of an age determination policy such as Challenge 21 to prevent underage sales

8 Public Safety - Premises Licensed for Regulated Entertainment

Premises licensed for regulated entertainment, including cinemas and theatres, are subject to a range of legislative requirements and regulatory regimes such as the Health and Safety at Work Act and fire safety legislation, aimed at protecting public safety. The Licensing Authority does not intend to duplicate requirements of existing statutory provisions. However, premises will be expected to ensure a level of compliance that promotes public safety.

Premises providing regulated entertainment have particular safety issues associated with their ability to attract significant numbers of people to a venue. The Licensing Authority will support measures designed to promote public safety in this context. This may include:

- Setting of a capacity limit for all, or separate parts, of the premises. Capacity limits may be appropriate in preventing disorder, as overcrowded venues can increase the risks of crowds becoming frustrated and hostile.
- The provision of staff to control admission and to control customers inside premises and at outdoor events.

9 The Prevention of Public Nuisance

To determine the potential effect on neighbouring premises, the Licensing Authority considers that applicants for premises licences and club premises certificates, should carry out a risk assessment. Advice and assistance in undertaking this task should be sought from Council Environmental Health Officers. Steps which may be appropriate to prevent public nuisance include:

- Limitation on hours of operation where necessary to prevent nuisance and disturbance
- Measures to reduce noise and vibration emissions from premises
- Measures to prevent noxious smells
- Measures to reduce light pollution
- Steps to prevent noise, disturbance and anti-social behaviour from people arriving at and leaving the premises
- Stricter controls will be supported in areas in closer proximity to residential accommodation.

10 The Protection of Children from Harm

10.1 General

The protection of children from harm includes the protection of children from moral, psychological, and physical harm. This includes not only protecting children from the harms associated directly with alcohol consumption but also

wider harms such as exposure to strong language and sexual expletives (for example, in the context of exposure to certain films or adult entertainment). Licensing authorities must also consider the need to protect children from sexual exploitation when undertaking licensing functions.

The Licensing Authority will carry out its responsibilities so as to promote the licensing objective of protection of children from harm. In doing so it will take into account representations made by the Local Safeguarding Children Board or Safeguarding Adults Board, www.lrsb.org.uk (Leicestershire and Rutland Safeguarding Boards)

Licences will be sought from a wide variety of premises including theatres, cinemas, restaurants, concert halls, cafes, late night take-aways, pubs, bars, and nightclubs. It is not possible for a licensing policy to anticipate every situation where children are at risk. The Licensing Authority will not therefore impose general conditions that apply to all premises but will consider how the licensing objectives can be best promoted in each particular case.

The Licensing Authority will not seek to limit the access of children to licensed premises unless it is necessary to protect children from harm. The following areas would give rise to particular concern in respect of children:

- Where entertainment or services of an adult or sexual nature are commonly provided.
- Where there have been convictions of members of the current staff at the premises for serving alcohol to minors or with a reputation for underage drinking.
- Where there has been an association with drug taking or dealing.
- Where there is a strong element of gambling on the premises (but not, for example, the simple presence of a small number of cash prize gaming machines or of bingo).

Conditions will not be imposed that require the admission of children. This will remain a matter for the discretion of the licensee.

The range of options available to limit the access of children to licensed premises that may be imposed by the Licensing Authority include:

- Limitations on the hours where children may be present.
Age limitations (below 18).
- Limitations or exclusions when certain activities are taking place
- Limitations on the parts of premises to which children might be given access.
- Requirements for an accompanying adult.
- In exceptional cases, exclusion of people under the age of 18 from the premises when any licensable activities are taking place.

10.2 Children and Cinemas

Licensees will be expected to prevent children from viewing films that are unsuitable because of the age classification of the film that has been imposed by the British Board of Film Classification or other film classification board approved by the licensing authority. Children will not be permitted to view un-certificated films.

10.3 Children and Public Entertainment

The Licensing Authority will expect that where a significant number of unaccompanied children will be present during a public entertainment event, the licensee will ensure that an adequate number of adult staff is present to control the access, egress, and safety in and around the premises. The licensee should take into account the number of children to be present, the type of entertainment, the age of the children, the characteristics of the premises and any other relevant factor.

10.4 Proof of Age Cards

The Licensing Authority supports the adoption of proof of age cards as a means of preventing underage drinking. It recommends that any premises licensed to sell alcohol adopts a policy of requiring proof of age from any person where there is any doubt as to whether they are over 18. The authority would suggest as best practice, that proof of age could be in the form of a passport, photographic driving licence, or a proof of age card complying with the Proof of Age Standards Scheme (PASS) launched in January 2003 by the British Retail Consortium.

The Licensing Authority supports the '**Portman Group Code of Practice on the Naming, Packaging and Promotion of Alcoholic Drinks.**'

<https://www.portmangroup.org.uk/wp-content/uploads/2019/09/Code-of-Practice-on-the-Naming-Packaging-and-Promotion-of-Alcoholic-Drinks-Sixth-Edition.pdf>

It will seek to ensure that premises licensed for the sale of alcohol comply with the code.

11 Integrating strategies

The Licensing Authority will seek to achieve integration with the strategies set out below and will consult with the appropriate organisations to achieve this.

11.1 Crime Reduction Partnership

The Licensing Authority recognises its responsibility to address issues relating to crime and disorder and is committed to working together, with other

partners, to make Charnwood a safe and attractive borough in which to live, work, study and socialise.

In making decisions, the Licensing Authority will consider the Charnwood Community Safety Partnership Strategy, especially relating to.

- Reducing the opportunities for crime to occur
- Tackling disorder and anti-social behaviour
- Reducing the fear of crime
- Combating the use of drugs

11.2 Planning

The Licensing Authority will ensure that planning and licensing regimes are properly separated to avoid duplication and efficiency. Licensing applications will not be a rerun of any planning application and licensing decisions will not cut across decisions taken by the Planning Committee or permission granted on appeal, or decisions made under delegated authority to officers.

Where businesses have indicated, when applying for a licence under the 2003 Act, that they have also applied for planning permission or that they intend to do so, licensing committees and officers will consider discussion with their planning counterparts prior to determination with the aim of agreeing mutually acceptable operating hours and scheme designs.

There are circumstances when as a condition of planning permission; a terminal hour has been set for the use of premises for commercial purposes. Where these hours are different to the licensing hours the applicant must observe the earlier closing time. Premises operating in breach of their planning permission would be liable to prosecution.

11.3 Cultural Strategy

‘Leisure and cultural opportunities for all’ is Charnwood’s Cultural Strategy setting out the common vision and shared goals for all those involved in the cultural life of the borough. Charnwood Borough Council is committed to its implementation working with the Cultural Strategy Partnership.

The International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights (ICESCR) which was ratified by the UK in 1976 recognises the right of everyone to take part in cultural life and requires that active steps are taken to develop cultural activity and ensure that everyone can participate in the cultural life of the community.

The Strategy encompasses arts, heritage, museums, parks and green spaces, neighbourhood facilities, markets, festivals and public events, media, libraries and literature, sport, play, faith and worship, tourism, restaurants and bars and creative industries. A key objective of Leicester’s Cultural Strategy is “to invest in the development of cultural activity which contributes to the

economic, social and personal well-being of individuals at all stages in their lives and to increase access to, and participation in, cultural activity”. Borough Council performance targets to increase cultural participation have underpinned this.

The Borough Council will also seek premises licences for selected public spaces in the community in its own name. This could include, for example, green spaces, parks, and town centre square’s etc. Performers and entertainers would require permission from the Council, as the premises licence holder, to use these spaces for regulated entertainment.

This licensing policy will operate in the spirit of the Cultural Strategy and the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights (ICESCR). In doing so, it will seek to maintain a balance between regulation and supporting cultural activity. It will strive to maintain a balance between the need to ‘manage’ any detrimental impacts of an activity in a community with the many benefits cultural activity brings to communities, in developing personal aspiration and potential, building cohesive communities, providing opportunities for young people, contributing to economic growth and regeneration and the development of sustainable communities.

In order to maintain this balance, the Licensing Authority will:

- monitor the impact of licensing on the provision of regulated cultural activities and entertainment, such as live music, theatre, dance, and festivals
- create a dialogue with the cultural sector about the impact of the licensing policy and work with our partners to balance different interests
- seek to ensure that conditions attached to licences do not deter live music, festivals, theatre, sporting events etc. by imposing unnecessary restrictions
- seek to ensure that conditions attached to licences do not deter new or small-scale groups/ activities in communities by imposing conditions which will lead to a cost disproportionate to the size of the event
- seek to create an environment which minimises nuisance and anti-social behaviour connected to cultural activity and events but without undermining our commitment to increase access to cultural participation as a fundamental human right.

11.4 Building Control

The Building Regulation process is a separate system to the licensing regime but complementary in terms of some shared objectives.

Where a licence is applied for, or exists, and any Building Regulated work is carried out, either as a material alteration, change of use or new build to a

licensed premises, the owner / licensee should ensure that before opening to the public, Building Regulations consent has been granted in full and that completion certificates have been issued.

Two separate and distinct certificates are issued on a commercial or workplace premises. The first confirms compliance with Building Regulations in general and the second confirms compliance in terms of fire precautions, including means of escape in case of fire. A copy of this second certificate is sent to the Fire Service, which triggers their responsibilities under the Workplace Regulations and enforcement of risk assessments.

11.5 Promotion of Equality

In developing this strategy, the Licensing Authority has recognised its responsibility under the Equality Act 2010, to consider the need to eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment, and victimisation and to advance equality of opportunity between different groups and foster good relations between different groups.

The Licensing Authority also recognises that this policy should promote equality in a wider sense and has therefore assessed the potential impact on disadvantaged groups in general, as well as from a race equality perspective. It has considered and consulted with this in mind.

The following actions, which have been identified as being necessary to promote equality, and within the scope of the Act and supporting guidance, will be implemented by the Licensing Authority:

- The Licensing Policy and associated documents will be available on the internet, and in other formats upon request.
- The licensing objective of protecting children from harm will be promoted.
- Support will be offered to licence applicants, licence holders and potential objectors who are socially excluded.
- Account will be taken of the effect of specific applications on community cohesion, including the need to balance the benefits of cultural and community activities with limited local disturbance.
- Action will be taken to endeavour to ensure the safety of vulnerable people in licensed premises.
- Action will be taken to ensure that all applications, particularly those for disadvantaged groups, are dealt with fairly.

The Licensing Authority is aware that there may be particular sensitivities of certain buildings, for example religious buildings, to certain licensable activities taking place in close proximity. Where this proximity has an impact on the promotion of one of the licensing objectives this is a matter for the Licensing Authority. Where the impact does not affect the promotion of the

licensing objectives, there may be other control mechanisms, such as the planning system, that could be applicable.

11.6 Disabled Access

The guidance supporting the Act advises that conditions relating to disabled access should not be attached to licences, as this would duplicate existing statutory requirements. The Licensing Authority therefore takes this opportunity to remind operators of premises of their duties under the Equality Act 2010.

11.7 Transport

Transport Strategy is set out in the Local Transport Plan (LTP).

The LTP policies seek to ensure that alternatives to the use of the private car are available; these alternatives include walking, cycling and public transport (bus, rail, and taxi). They are operated in conjunction with land use policies to seek to ensure that development takes place in locations where these alternatives can be best provided; the Town Centre is naturally one of these locations, particularly with regard to public transport.

A high level of bus services is provided commercially between the hours of 7am and 7pm Monday to Saturday. Lower levels of services are provided up to 11pm and on Sundays, and the Council's Transport Strategy will continue to seek ways of improving the provision of bus services at these times and later at night to assist in getting people away from the Town Centre quickly, safely and efficiently.

Taxis provide a useful role in transporting people, particularly at times when bus services are not well provided. Taxi ranks are provided where demand is identified and include both 24 hour ranks and ones which operate only at night. The Council's Transport Strategy will continue to seek to ensure that the demand for rank provision is satisfied and that their locations are amended as demand alters, subject to competing demands for use of kerbside space.

12 Duplication

The authority will avoid duplication with other regulatory regimes (e.g., the Health and Safety at Work Act) in so far as attaching conditions to premises licences and club premises certificates. Conditions will only be attached where they are necessary for the promotion of the licensing objectives. If matters are already provided for in other legislation, they cannot be considered necessary in the context of licensing law.

13 Standardised Conditions

Each application must be considered on its own merits and in accordance with the licensing authority's statement of licensing policy; for example, if the application falls within the scope of a cumulative impact policy. Conditions attached to licences and certificates must be tailored to the individual type, location and characteristics of the premises and events concerned. This is essential to avoid the imposition of disproportionate and overly burdensome conditions on premises where there is no need for such conditions.

Standardised conditions will be avoided, and the Licensing Authority will only attach to premises licences, and club premises certificates, those conditions that are tailored to the individual style and characteristics of the premises and the events concerned, and where they are necessary for the achievement of one or more of the four licensing objectives. However, to aid administration attached to this statement, but not forming part of it, at Appendix 1, are a pool of conditions from which the authority may draw appropriate and proportionate conditions to cover particular circumstances. This is not intended to be an exhaustive list and other specific conditions may be appropriate.

There are a number of mandatory conditions which are required to be applied to licences.

13.1 Mandatory Conditions.

Mandatory conditions are provided by the 2003 Act, amended by the (Mandatory Licensing Conditions) (Amendment) Order 2014 and should be included in every Licence and/or Club Premises Certificate.

The Mandatory Conditions are attached to this Policy at Appendix 2. These need to be adhered to and complied with by the Premises Licence Holder.

For premises with ON sales the Mandatory Conditions will include the following requirements.

- The need for a Designated Premises Supervisor to be registered on the Licence.
- Alcohol needs to be sold or authorised by a Personal Licence Holder.

Mandatory Conditions also refer to: -

Permitted price of alcohol

Age verification Policy

Irresponsible promotions

No drinking games (encouraging people to drink too much or within specific time limits).

Free potable water

Measures of alcoholic drink

Exhibition of films
Door Supervision

For premises with OFF sales the Mandatory Conditions will include the following requirements.

- The need for a Designated Premises Supervisor to be registered on the Licence.
- Alcohol needs to be sold or authorised by a Personal Licence Holder.

Mandatory Conditions also refer to: -
Permitted price of alcohol
Age verification Policy

14 Personal Licences

Individuals applying for a personal licence must be entitled to work in the UK. The Immigration Act 2016 amended the Licensing Act 2003, with effect from April 6, 2017. Applications made on or after this date by someone who is not entitled to work in the UK must be rejected.

Licences must not be issued to people who are illegally present in the UK, who are not permitted to work, or who are permitted to work but are subject to a condition that prohibits them from doing work relating to the carrying on of a licensable activity.

In order to carry out this duty, from April 6, 2017, licensing authorities must be satisfied that an applicant has the right to work in the UK. They require applicants to submit an identification document, to show that they have permission to be in the UK and to undertake work in a licensable activity.

In order to discharge this duty, from 6th April 2017, licensing authorities must be satisfied that an applicant has the right to work in the UK and require applicants to submit copies of one of the documents listed in Appendix 3. As an alternative to providing a copy of original documents, applicants may demonstrate their right to work by providing their 'share code' to the Licensing Authority, enabling the Authority to carry out a check with the Home Office

The Licensing Authority recognises the important role that personal licence holders have to play in the promotion of the licensing objectives at premises selling alcohol. For this reason, personal licence holders are required to have prescribed training and not have relevant convictions that would indicate their unsuitability.

The Policing and Crime Act 2017 gives licensing authorities the power to revoke or suspend personal licences, with effect from 6 April 2017.

When a licensing authority has granted a personal licence and becomes aware that the licence holder has been convicted of a relevant offence or foreign offence or been required to pay an immigration penalty, a licensing authority may revoke the licence or suspend it for a period of up to six months. This applies to convictions received and civil immigration penalties which a person has been required to pay at any time before or after the licence was granted, as long as the conviction was received after 6 April 2017, or the requirement to pay the civil penalty arose after 6 April 2017.

Every sale of alcohol at licensed premises is required to be authorised by a personal licence holder. Because of the importance of their role, the Licensing Authority considers it to be good practice for personal licence holders to have significant operational involvement in the sale of alcohol rather than to undertake a remote, periodic authorisation of other staff. In practical terms this would mean authorisation on at least a daily basis, and to be available on the premises throughout most of the day to deal with circumstances requiring their expertise and authority.

Applicants for personal licences who are ordinarily resident in a licensing authority's area are required to make the application to that licensing authority.

When applying for a personal licence, the Licensing Authority would expect applicants to produce an up-to-date Disclosure Barring Service certificate. All applicants would also be expected to make a clear statement as to whether they have been convicted outside England and Wales of a relevant offence or an equivalent foreign offence.

In accordance with the Secretary of State's advice the Licensing Authority will normally refuse applications where the police have issued an objection notice unless there are, in the opinion of the Licensing Authority, exceptional and compelling reasons which justify granting the application.

14.1 Changes during lifetime of licence

The holder of a Personal licence is required by the 2003 Act to notify the licensing authority of any changes to a holder's name or address. These changes should be recorded by the licensing authority.

The holder is also under a duty to notify any convictions for relevant offences to the licensing authority and the courts are similarly required to inform the licensing authority of such convictions, whether or not they have ordered the suspension or forfeiture of the licence. The holder must also notify the licensing authority of any conviction for a foreign offence.

15 Temporary Event Notices (TENs)

The system of permitted temporary activities is intended as a light touch process, and as such, the carrying on of licensable activities does not have to be authorised by the licensing authority on an application. Instead, a person wishing to hold an event at which such activities are proposed to be carried on (the “premises user”) gives notice to the licensing authority of the event (a “temporary event notice” or “TEN”).

There are two types of TEN: a standard TEN and a late TEN. These are subject to different processes: a standard notice is given no later than ten working days before the event to which it relates; and a late notice is given not before nine and not later than five working days before the event.

Part 5 of the Licensing Act allows licensing activities to be carried out in specified circumstances on a temporary basis, subject to a temporary event notice being served on the Licensing Authority, with a copy to the chief officer of police and Environmental Health services for the area no less than ten working days before the event. The chief officer of police or Environmental Health services may object to the event if satisfied that any of the four licensing objectives would be undermined.

“Late” TENs are intended to assist premises users who are required for reasons outside their control to, for example, change the venue for an event at short notice. Late TENS can be given at any time as long as the limits specified, within guidance issued under section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003, are not exceeded. Late TENs can be given up to 5 working days but no earlier than 9 working days before the event is due to take place and, unless electronically given to the licensing authority, must also be sent by the premises user to the police and Environmental Health Services. A late TEN given less than 5 days before the date of the event to which it relates will be returned as void and the activities to which it relates will not be authorised.

The Licensing Authority considers that it is important that the police and Environmental Health services have sufficient time to properly evaluate the likely impact of a temporary event. Where insufficient notice of the event is given, this may lead to objections being made that may have been unnecessary if a fuller evaluation had been possible. Equally, if notice of an event is given too far in advance it may be difficult to evaluate because of future uncertainty.

The Licensing Authority would therefore suggest as best practice that a temporary event notice is served between one and two months ahead of the event taking place. This can be particularly relevant to events which take place in the open air or in temporary structures.

15.1 Police and/or Environmental Health Intervention

The Act allows the Police and Environmental Health, within the prescribed time period, the opportunity to issue an objection notice if they believe the event would undermine any of the licensing objectives. The issue of an objection Notice in the case of a STANDARD TEN would require the consideration of the objection by the Licensing Authority at a hearing.

If an objection is received for a LATE TEN, then the TEN will not be valid and the event cannot go ahead as due to the limited time frame there is no scope for a hearing.

Due to the ability of the Police and Environmental Health to be able to serve such a notice it is highly recommended that event organisers do not rely on giving the minimum amount of notice and to contact the local Police and Environmental Health at their earliest opportunity about their proposed event.

16 Representations

Subject to the type of application representations may be made by a Responsible Authority or other persons (as defined by the Licensing Act 2003).

Any representation must be writing, and the Licensing Authority has a representation form available on the Council web site or that can be requested via the licensing section.

Any person (including members of the public) needs to be aware that their personal details will be made available to the applicant. The Licensing Authority is not able to accept anonymous representations. Representations must include your full name, address, and contact information (telephone number and email address).

Any representation, which is received other than from a Responsible Authority, will in the first instance be determined as to whether it is relevant, i.e., based upon one or more of the four licensing objectives.

Relevant representations are representations that:

- Are about the likely effect of the premises licence on the promotion of the licensing objectives.
- Which have not been withdrawn and are not, in the opinion of the Licensing Authority, frivolous or vexatious.

If relevant representations are received about an application, the Licensing Authority will hold a hearing to consider them unless the Licensing Authority, the applicant and everyone who has submitted a representation agree that the

hearing is unnecessary. Applicants and those making representation should seek, in advance of the meeting, to try and reach an agreement.

16.1 Petitions

The Licensing Authority will accept petitions, but there are some important factors to consider before organising a petition.

- a clear and detailed statement covering the subject of the petition. It should state what action the petitioners would like us to take.
- The instigator of the petition MUST identify themselves as the 'single point of contact'
- If the Licensing Authority cannot contact the single point of contact in order to verify the petition, the petition will not be considered valid
- Each page of the petition must give information as to the purpose of the petition so that all persons signing are aware of what they are signing
- Each person signing the petition must give their full name and address details
- The single point of contact must ensure that all persons signing the petition are made aware that a copy of the petition will be supplied to the applicant and contained in any Committee report, which may be published on the Councils website.
- If the application goes to a hearing the licensing authority will only write to the single point of contact giving notice of the hearing date
- It is expected that the single point of contact will represent all persons who signed the petition at the hearing and speak on their behalf.
- Failure to attend the hearing and be available to answer any questions which the Committee may have may limit the weight that the Committee can give to the petition
- The Licensing Authority will only write to the single point of contact to inform of the outcome of the application.

17 Enforcement

The Licensing Authority will carry out its responsibilities for enforcement so as to promote each of the four licensing objectives referred to in Section 1. The Licensing Authority will develop and review enforcement protocols in agreement with the police.

Enforcement activities will be targeted in terms of risk and so as best to promote the licensing objectives. In addition, account will be taken of the general enforcement policy of the licensing authority, which aims to ensure that enforcement is open, fair, reasonable, and proportionate.

Enforcement activities will include operations designed to:

- Ensure compliance with conditions attached to licences, operating schedules, requirements specified in this Statement of Policy, and the requirements of the Licensing Act itself.
- Protect public safety.
- Prevent nuisance.
- Prevent crime and disorder.
- Protect children from harm.
- Identify unlicensed activities.
- Respond to complaints and representations from relevant individuals and responsible authorities.
- Prevent the sale of alcohol to minors
- Prevent the sale of alcohol to people who are drunk
- Identify the keeping of smuggled goods
- Prevent drug misuse

17.1 Annual Fees -Suspension for Non – Payment of Fees

The 2003 Act requires a licensing authority to suspend a premises licence or club premises certificate if the annual fee is not paid when it is due. Once suspended, no licensable activities can be carried out at the premises or Club until such time as the annual fee has been paid. The suspension is lifted immediately once the outstanding fee is paid, and licensable activities may resume.

If the annual fee has not been paid by the due date the licence holder will be notified and given notice of the date that the suspension will take effect.

17.2 Reviews

At any stage, following the grant of a premises licence or club premises certificate, a responsible authority, or any other person, may ask the licensing authority to review the licence or certificate because of a matter arising at the premises in connection with any of the four licensing objectives. This acts an incentive for premises to effectively self-regulate.

On receipt of a relevant representation to carry out a review, licensing authority has a range of options available to it and may take any of the following steps:

- modify the conditions of the premises licence (which includes adding new conditions or any alteration or omission of an existing condition), for example, by reducing the hours of opening or by requiring door supervisors at particular times.

- exclude a licensable activity from the scope of the licence, for example, to exclude the performance of live music or playing of recorded music (where it is not within the incidental live and recorded music exemption).
- remove the designated premises supervisor.
- suspend the licence for a period not exceeding three months.
- revoke the licence.

18 Live Music, Dancing, Theatre, Circuses and Street Arts

The Licensing Authority will ensure that when it considers applications for licences for entertainment involving live music, dancing, theatre, circuses, and street arts it will act so as to promote the licensing objectives.

The Licensing Authority recognises that there is a need to encourage and promote a broad range of entertainment, particularly those activities identified above, because of the wider cultural benefits to communities. The potential for limited disturbance will therefore be balanced against these wider benefits.

18.1 Events in Charnwood

If holding an event in Charnwood which falls into one or more of the following categories:

- Attendance of more than 500 people
- VIP /Military interest or attendance
- Highway impact (including road closures or restrictions)
- Has a community impact (i.e., are there any issues that may affect a community's confidence or any community tensions that may arise from the planned event)

Guidance on the planning of such events is available to organisers via the Councils Website.

https://www.charnwood.gov.uk/pages/holding_an_event_in_charnwood_how_to_notify_us

Charnwood Borough Council uses a well-established Leicestershire-wide event notification and reporting process.

This is designed to support event organisers to run events safely and effectively, and to signpost them to guidance on the measures that they might need to take to ensure that they comply with the relevant legislation and guidance. It also helps us to fulfil our responsibility to flag information about upcoming events to our partner agencies, including the Emergency Services and Leicestershire County Council.

It is essential that organisers give substantial notice so that proper preparations and precautions can be put into place for the event. This also applies if the event is proposed under a Temporary Event Notice.

19 Wholesale of alcohol

From 1 April 2017, businesses which sell alcohol (for example, retailers of alcohol and trade buyers) will need to ensure that the UK wholesalers that they buy alcohol from have been approved by HMRC under the Alcohol Wholesaler Registration Scheme (AWRS). They will need to check their wholesalers Unique Registration Number (URN) against the HMRC online database which will be available from April 2017. This is an ongoing obligation and if a business is found to have bought alcohol from an unapproved wholesaler, they may be liable to a penalty or could even face criminal prosecution and their alcohol stock may be seized. Any trader who buys alcohol from a wholesaler for onward sale to the general public (known as a 'trade buyer') does not need to register unless they sell alcohol to other businesses. Examples of trade buyers would be pubs, clubs, restaurants, cafes, retailers, and hotels. However, they will need to check that the wholesaler they purchase alcohol from is registered with HMRC. Further information may be found at: <https://www.gov.uk/guidance/the-alcohol-wholesaler-registration-scheme-awrs>.

20 Delegation of Functions

The following matters will be determined by either the Licensing Committee or one of its sub-committees:

- Application for a personal licence where there are relevant unspent convictions.
- The review of a premises licence or club premises certificate.
- Decision to object when the local authority is the consultee and not the relevant authority considering the application.
- Determination of a police objection to a temporary event notice.

The following matters will be determined by either the Licensing Committee or one of its sub-committees where a relevant representation has been made:

- Application for a personal licence.
- Application for a premises licence or club premises certificate.
- Application for a provisional statement.
- Application for variation to a premises licence or club premises certificate.
- Application to vary a designated premises supervisor
- Application for transfer of a premises licence
- Application for interim authority
- Determination of a temporary event notice.

The Licensing Manager will determine all other matters.

Variations to premises licences or club premises certificates that could not impact adversely on the licensing objectives are subject to a simplified 'minor variations' process. There is clear guidance as to what constitutes a "minor variation" contained on Charnwood Borough Councils website.

Councillors are now considered as "interested parties" and can make representations on any application as such, even if they do not live in the vicinity, or may represent persons living or working in the vicinity of the premises in question.

21 Period of Validity & Review

This statement of licensing policy will come into force in June 2022 and be valid for five years.

The policy will be kept under review during the period of validity and if necessary, amendments made.

Before a new policy is adopted or amendments made to the existing one the Licensing Authority will undertake consultation in accordance with Section 5 of the Licensing Act 2003.

Public safety

2.7 Licence holders have a responsibility to ensure the safety of those using their premises, as a part of their duties under the 2003 Act. This concerns the safety of people using the relevant premises rather than public health which is addressed in other legislation. Physical safety includes the prevention of accidents and injuries and other immediate harms that can result from alcohol consumption such as unconsciousness or alcohol poisoning. Conditions relating to public safety may also promote the crime and disorder objective as noted above. There will of course be occasions when a public safety condition could incidentally benefit a person's health more generally, but it should not be the purpose of the condition as this would be outside the licensing authority's powers (be ultra vires) under the 2003 Act. Conditions should not be imposed on a premises licence or club premises certificate which relate to cleanliness or hygiene.

2.8 A number of matters should be considered in relation to public safety. These may include:

- Fire safety;
- Ensuring appropriate access for emergency services such as ambulances;
- Good communication with local authorities and emergency services, for example communications networks with the police and signing up for local incident alerts (see paragraph 2.4 above);
- Ensuring the presence of trained first aiders on the premises and appropriate first aid kits;
- Ensuring the safety of people when leaving the premises (for example, through the provision of information on late-night transportation);
- Ensuring appropriate and frequent waste disposal, particularly of glass bottles;
- Ensuring appropriate limits on the maximum capacity of the premises (see paragraphs 2.12-2.13, and Chapter 10; and
- Considering the use of CCTV in and around the premises (as noted in paragraph 2.3 above, this may also assist with promoting the crime and disorder objective).

2.9 The measures that are appropriate to promote public safety will vary between premises and the matters listed above may not apply in all cases. As set out in Chapter 8 (8.38-8.46), applicants should consider when making their application which steps it is appropriate to take to promote the public safety objective and demonstrate how they achieve that.

Ensuring safe departure of those using the premises

2.10 Licence holders should make provision to ensure that premises users safely leave their premises. Measures that may assist include:

- Providing information on the premises of local taxi companies who can provide safe transportation home; and
- Ensuring adequate lighting outside the premises, particularly on paths leading to and from the premises and in car parks.

Maintenance and repair

2.11 Where there is a requirement in other legislation for premises open to the public or for employers to possess certificates attesting to the safety or satisfactory nature of certain equipment or fixtures on the premises, it would be inappropriate for a licensing condition to require possession of such a certificate. However, it would be permissible to require as a condition of a licence or certificate, if appropriate, checks on this equipment to be conducted at specified intervals and for evidence of these checks to be retained by the premises licence holder or club provided this does not duplicate or gold-plate a requirement in other legislation. Similarly, it would be permissible for licensing authorities, if they receive relevant representations from responsible authorities or any other persons, to attach conditions which require equipment of particular standards to be maintained on the premises. Responsible authorities – such as health

and safety authorities – should therefore make their expectations clear in this respect to enable prospective licence holders or clubs to prepare effective operating schedules and club operating schedules.

Safe capacities

2.12 “Safe capacities” should only be imposed where appropriate for the promotion of public safety or the prevention of disorder on the relevant premises. For example, if a capacity has been imposed through other legislation, it would be inappropriate to reproduce it in a premises licence. Indeed, it would also be wrong to lay down conditions which conflict with other legal requirements. However, if no safe capacity has been imposed through other legislation, a responsible authority may consider it appropriate for a new capacity to be attached to the premises which would apply at any material time when the licensable activities are taking place and make representations to that effect. For example, in certain circumstances, capacity limits may be appropriate in preventing disorder, as overcrowded venues can increase the risks of crowds becoming frustrated and hostile.

2.13 The permitted capacity is a limit on the number of persons who may be on the premises at any time, following a recommendation by the relevant fire and rescue authority under the Regulatory Reform (Fire Safety) Order 2005. For any application for a premises licence or club premises certificate for premises without an existing permitted capacity where the applicant wishes to take advantage of the special provisions set out in section 177 of the 2003 Act, the applicant should conduct their own risk assessment as to the appropriate capacity of the premises. They should send their recommendation to the fire and rescue authority which will consider it and decide what the “permitted capacity” of those premises should be.

2.14 Public safety may include the safety of performers appearing at any premises, but does not extend to the prevention of injury from participation in a boxing or wrestling entertainment.

Public nuisance

2.15 The 2003 Act enables licensing authorities and responsible authorities, through representations, to consider what constitutes public nuisance and what is appropriate to prevent it in terms of conditions attached to specific premises licences and club premises certificates. It is therefore important that in considering the promotion of this licensing objective, licensing authorities and responsible authorities focus on the effect of the licensable activities at the specific premises on persons living and working (including those carrying on business) in the area around the premises which may be disproportionate and unreasonable. The issues will mainly concern noise nuisance, light pollution, noxious smells and litter.

2.16 Public nuisance is given a statutory meaning in many pieces of legislation. It is however not narrowly defined in the 2003 Act and retains its broad common law meaning. It may include in appropriate circumstances the reduction of the living and working amenity and environment of other persons living and working in the area of the licensed premises. Public nuisance may also arise as a result of the adverse effects of artificial light, dust, odour and insects or where its effect is prejudicial to health.

2.17 Conditions relating to noise nuisance will usually concern steps appropriate to control the levels of noise emanating from premises. This might be achieved by a simple measure such as ensuring that doors and windows are kept closed after a particular time, or persons are not permitted in garden areas of the premises after a certain time. More sophisticated measures like the installation of acoustic curtains or rubber speaker mounts to mitigate sound escape from the premises may be appropriate. However, conditions in relation to live or recorded music may not be enforceable in circumstances where the entertainment activity itself is not licensable (see chapter 16). Any conditions appropriate to promote the prevention of public nuisance should be tailored to the type, nature and characteristics of the specific premises and its licensable activities. Licensing authorities should avoid inappropriate or disproportionate measures that

could deter events that are valuable to the community, such as live music. Noise limiters, for example, are expensive to purchase and install and are likely to be a considerable burden for smaller venues.

2.18 As with all conditions, those relating to noise nuisance may not be appropriate in certain circumstances where provisions in other legislation adequately protect those living in the area of the premises. But as stated earlier in this Guidance, the approach of licensing authorities and responsible authorities should be one of prevention and when their powers are engaged, licensing authorities should be aware of the fact that other legislation may not adequately cover concerns raised in relevant representations and additional conditions may be appropriate.

2.19 Where applications have given rise to representations, any appropriate conditions should normally focus on the most sensitive periods. For example, the most sensitive period for people being disturbed by unreasonably loud music is at night and into the early morning when residents in adjacent properties may be attempting to go to sleep or are sleeping. This is why there is still a need for a licence for performances of live music between 11 pm and 8 am. In certain circumstances, conditions relating to noise emanating from the premises may also be appropriate to address any disturbance anticipated as customers enter and leave.

2.20 Measures to control light pollution will also require careful thought. Bright lighting outside premises which is considered appropriate to prevent crime and disorder may itself give rise to light pollution for some neighbours. Applicants, licensing authorities and responsible authorities will need to balance these issues.

2.21 Beyond the immediate area surrounding the premises, these are matters for the personal responsibility of individuals under the law. An individual who engages in anti-social behaviour is accountable in their own right. However, it would be perfectly reasonable for a licensing authority to impose a condition, following relevant representations, that requires the licence holder or club to place signs at the exits from the building encouraging patrons to be quiet until they leave the area, or that, if they wish to smoke, to do so at designated places on the premises instead of outside, and to respect the rights of people living nearby to a peaceful night.

Protection of children from harm

2.22 The protection of children from harm includes the protection of children from moral, psychological and physical harm. This includes not only protecting children from the harms associated directly with alcohol consumption but also wider harms such as exposure to strong language and sexual expletives (for example, in the context of exposure to certain films or adult entertainment). Licensing authorities must also consider the need to protect children from sexual exploitation when undertaking licensing functions. 2.23 The Government believes that it is completely unacceptable to sell alcohol to children. Conditions relating to the access of children where alcohol is sold and which are appropriate to protect them from harm should be carefully considered. Moreover, conditions restricting the access of children to premises should be strongly considered in circumstances where:

- adult entertainment is provided;
- a member or members of the current management have been convicted for serving alcohol to minors or with a reputation for allowing underage drinking (other than in the context of the exemption in the 2003 Act relating to 16 and 17 year olds consuming beer, wine and cider when accompanied by an adult during a table meal);
- it is known that unaccompanied children have been allowed access;
- there is a known association with drug taking or dealing; or
- in some cases, the premises are used exclusively or primarily for the sale of alcohol for consumption on the premises.

2.24 It is also possible that activities, such as adult entertainment, may take place at certain times on premises but not at other times. For example, premises may operate as a café bar during the day providing meals for families but also provide entertainment with a sexual content after

8.00pm. It is not possible to give an exhaustive list of what amounts to entertainment or services of an adult or sexual nature. Applicants, responsible authorities and licensing authorities will need to consider this point carefully. This would broadly include topless bar staff, striptease, lap-, table- or pole-dancing, performances involving feigned violence or horrific incidents, feigned or actual sexual acts or fetishism, or entertainment involving strong and offensive language.

2.25 Applicants must be clear in their operating schedules about the activities and times at which the events would take place to help determine when it is not appropriate for children to enter the premises. Consideration should also be given to the proximity of premises to schools and youth clubs so that applicants take appropriate steps to ensure that advertising relating to their premises, or relating to events at their premises, is not displayed at a time when children are likely to be near the premises.

2.26 Licensing authorities and responsible authorities should expect applicants, when preparing an operating schedule or club operating schedule, to set out the steps to be taken to protect children from harm when on the premises.

2.27 Conditions, where they are appropriate, should reflect the licensable activities taking place on the premises. In addition to the mandatory condition regarding age verification, other conditions relating to the protection of children from harm can include:

- restrictions on the hours when children may be present;
- restrictions or exclusions on the presence of children under certain ages when particular specified activities are taking place;
- restrictions on the parts of the premises to which children may have access;
- age restrictions (below 18);
- restrictions or exclusions when certain activities are taking place;
- requirements for an accompanying adult (including for example, a combination of requirements which provide that children under a particular age must be accompanied by an adult); and
- full exclusion of people under 18 from the premises when any licensable activities are taking place.

2.28 Please see also Chapter 10 for details about the Licensing Act 2003 (Mandatory Licensing Conditions) Order 2010.

2.29 Licensing authorities should give considerable weight to representations about child protection matters. In addition to the responsible authority whose functions relate directly to child protection, the Director of Public Health may also have access to relevant evidence to inform such representations. These representations may include, amongst other things, the use of health data about the harms that alcohol can cause to underage drinkers. Where a responsible authority, or other person, presents evidence to the licensing authority linking specific premises with harms to children (such as ambulance data or emergency department attendances by persons under 18 years old with alcohol-related illnesses or injuries) this evidence should be considered, and the licensing authority should also consider what action is appropriate to ensure this licensing objective is effectively enforced. In relation to applications for the grant of a licence in areas where evidence is presented on high levels of alcohol-related harms in persons aged under 18, it is recommended that the licensing authority considers what conditions may be appropriate to ensure that this objective is promoted effectively.

2.30 The 2003 Act provides that, where a premises licence or club premises certificate authorises the exhibition of a film, it must include a condition requiring the admission of children to films to be restricted in accordance with recommendations given either by a body designated under section 4 of the Video Recordings Act 1984 specified in the licence (the British Board of Film Classification is currently the only body which has been so designated) or by the licensing authority itself. Further details are given in Chapter 10.

2.31 Theatres may present a range of diverse activities and entertainment including, for example, variety shows incorporating adult entertainment. It is appropriate in these cases for a licensing authority to consider restricting the admission of children in such circumstances. Entertainments may also be presented at theatres specifically for children. It will be appropriate to consider whether a condition should be attached to a premises licence or club premises certificate which requires the presence of a sufficient number of adult staff on the premises to ensure the wellbeing of the children during any emergency.

Offences relating to the sale and supply of alcohol to children

2.32 Licensing authorities are expected to maintain close contact with the police, young offenders' teams and trading standards officers (who can carry out test purchases under section 154 of the 2003 Act) about the extent of unlawful sales and consumption of alcohol by minors and to be involved in the development of any strategies to control or prevent these unlawful activities and to pursue prosecutions. Licensing authorities, alongside the police, are prosecuting authorities for the purposes of these offences, except for the offences under section 147A (persistently selling alcohol to children). Where, as a matter of policy, warnings are given to retailers prior to any decision to prosecute in respect of an offence, it is important that each of the enforcement arms should be aware of the warnings each of them has given.

POOL OF MODEL CONDITIONS
LICENSING ACT 2003

Mandatory conditions

1 Mandatory conditions where licence authorises supply of alcohol

- (1) Where a premises licence authorises the supply of alcohol, the licence must include the following conditions.
- (2) The first condition is that no supply of alcohol may be made under the premises licence-
- (a) at a time when there is no designated premises supervisor in respect of the premises licence, or
 - (b) at a time when the designated premises supervisor does not hold a personal licence or his personal licence is suspended.
- (3) The second condition is that every supply of alcohol under the premises licence must be made or authorised by a person who holds a personal licence.

2 Mandatory condition: exhibition of films

- (1) Where a premises licence authorises the exhibition of films, the licence must include a condition requiring the admission of children to the exhibition of any film to be restricted in accordance with this section.
- (2) Where the film classification body is specified in the licence, unless subsection (3)(b) applies, admission of children must be restricted in accordance with any recommendation made by that body.
- (3) Where-
- (a) the film classification body is not specified in the licence, or
 - (b) the relevant licensing authority has notified the holder of the licence that this subsection applies to the film in question, admission of children must be restricted in accordance with any recommendation made by that licensing authority.
- (4) In this section-
- "children" means persons aged under 18; and
- "film classification body" means the person or persons designated as the authority under section 4 of the Video Recordings Act 1984 (c.39) (authority to determine suitability of video works for classification).

3 Mandatory condition: door supervision

- (1) Where a premises licence includes a condition that at specified times one or more individuals must be at the premises to carry out a security activity, the licence must include a condition that each such individual must be licensed by the Security Industry Authority.
- (2) But nothing in subsection (1) requires such a condition to be imposed-
- (a) in respect of premises within paragraph 8(3)(a) of Schedule 2 to the Private Security Industry Act 2001 (c.12) (premises with premises licences authorising plays or films), or

- (b) in respect of premises in relation to-
 - (i) any occasion mentioned in paragraph 8(3)(b) or (c) of that Schedule (premises being used exclusively by club with club premises certificate, under a temporary event notice authorising plays or films or under a gaming licence), or
 - (ii) any occasion within paragraph 8(3)(d) of that Schedule (occasions prescribed by regulations under that Act).
- (3) For the purposes of this section-
 - (a) "security activity" means an activity to which paragraph 2(1)(a) of that Schedule applies, and
 - (b) paragraph 8(5) of that Schedule (interpretation of references to an occasion) applies as it applies in relation to paragraph 8 of that Schedule.

Crime and Disorder

4 Text/Radio Pagers.

The Licensee will join the Pubwatch scheme operating in the area and will ensure that

- The text/pager equipment is kept in working order at all times
- The pager link be activated, made available to and monitored by the designated premises supervisor or a responsible member of staff at all times that the premises are open to the public
- Any police instructions/directions are complied with whenever given, and
- All instances of crime and disorder are reported via the text/radio pager link by the designated premises supervisor or a responsible member of staff to an agreed police contact point

5 Door Supervisors.

Where the condition is imposed on the provision of door supervisors the following may also be applied depending upon the circumstances affecting the premise

- (a) The Licensee will employ sufficient registered door staff to deal with any likely contingency.
- (b) Any employed door staff will wear a name badge as identification.
- (c) Each door supervisor will carry proof of his/her registration with the Security Industry Authority.
- (d) Door supervisors will be stationed at a location either inside or outside the premises and at times to be determined by the licensee as being appropriate but the Licensing Authority would expect such staff to be provided.
- (e) If Door supervisors are required to undertake body searches then at least one female supervisor should be available to undertake the body searches of female customers.

- (f) Where door supervisors are required the Licensee will keep records showing the names of the supervisor and the date/time that they were employed.

6 Bottle bans

The licensee will ensure that:

- (a) No bottles containing beverages of any kind, whether open or sealed, shall be given to customers on the premises whether at the bar or by staff serving away from the bar.
- (b) No customers carrying open or sealed bottles shall be admitted to the premises at any time that the premises are open to the public (**Note:** this will not include those customers carrying sealed bottles for the purposes of consumption off the premises).

An exception to these conditions will be bottles containing wine sold for consumption with a table meal by customers who are seated in an area set aside from the main bar area for the consumption of food.

7 Plastic containers and toughened glass

The licensee will ensure that only plastic or toughened glass containers will be used for the supply of beverages.

8 CCTV

The licensee will ensure that CCTV is installed following advice from the Leicestershire Constabulary Crime Reduction Officer and maintained in accordance with the Information Commissioner's CCTV Code of Practice.

9 Open containers not be taken from premises

The licensee will ensure that no customers shall take glasses or open bottles from the premises.

10 Restrictions on drinking areas

The licensee will ensure that no alcoholic drinks will be consumed in the area marked (in red) on the plan (numbered.....) whilst activity is taking place.

11 Proof of age cards

The licensee shall introduce a policy requiring the production of "proof of age" for any sale that takes place where there is any suspicion that the customer is under 18. Such proof may include a pass conforming to the PASS accreditation system, photo driving licence, student cards and passports.

12 Crime prevention notices

The licensee will ensure that suitable notices are displayed warning customers of the prevalence of crime which may target them, for example, pick pockets or bag snatchers, the need to guard their property and leaving property unattended. The licensee will be directed over the provision of such notices by the Police crime prevention officer.

13 Drinks promotions

The licensee will not introduce or carry on any irresponsible sales promotion or discounting of prices of alcoholic beverages.

14 Signage

The licensee will ensure that:

- (a) A sign indicating the normal hours during licensable activities are permitted to take place to be displayed on or immediately outside the premises.
- (b) Any restrictions of the admission of children to be displayed on or immediately outside the premises.

15 High Volume Vertical Drinking establishments (HVVD's)

The licensee will ensure the adherence to

- A prescribed capacity
- An appropriate ratio of tables and chairs to customers based on the capacity
- The presence of SIA registered security teams to control entry for the purpose of compliance with the capacity limit

16 Drugs

The licensee will adopt the Leicestershire Constabulary's drugs policy.

17 Trading Late

The licensee will adopt the Leicestershire Constabulary's searching policy and conditions of entry.

The licensee will adopt the Leicestershire Constabulary's risk assessment policy in respect of events.

Conditions relating to public safety (including fire safety)

18 Disabled people

The licensee will ensure that

- (a) When disabled people are present adequate arrangements exist to enable their safe evacuation in the event of an emergency.
- (b) Disabled people on the premises are made aware of those arrangements.

19 Escape routes

The licensee will ensure the proper maintenance of all escape routes and exits including external exits. This will require that such exits are kept unobstructed, in good order with non slippery and even surfaces, free of trip` hazards and clearly identified. In premises where chairs and tables are provided all internal gangways must be kept unobstructed.

The licensee will ensure that

- (a) All exit doors are easily openable without the use of a key, card, code or similar means.
- (b) Doors at such exits are regularly checked to ensure that they function satisfactorily and a record of such checks are kept.
- (c) Any removable security fastenings are removed whenever the premises are open to the public or occupied by staff.
- (d) All fire doors are maintained effectively self-closing and shall not be held open other than by approved devices (for example, electromagnetic releases operated by smoke detectors).
- (e) Fire resisting doors to ducts, service shafts and cupboards shall be kept locked shut.
- (f) The edges of the treads of steps and stairways are maintained so as to be conspicuous.

20 Safety checks

The licensee will ensure

- (a) That safety checks are carried out before the admission of the public.
- (b) Details of such checks are kept in a log book.

21 Curtains, hangings, decorations and upholstery

The licensee will ensure that

- (a) Hangings, curtains and temporary decorations are maintained in a flame retardant condition.
- (b) Any upholstered seating meets on a continuous basis the pass criteria for smouldering ignition source 0, flaming ignition source 1 and crib ignition source 5 when tested in accordance with section 5 of BS5852:1990.
- (c) Curtains, hangings and temporary decorations are arranged so as not to obstruct exits, fire safety signs or fire fighting equipment.
- (d) Temporary decorations are not used without a review of the Fire risk assessment and prior notification to the Licensing Authority.

22 Accommodation limits

The licensee will ensure that any capacity limit imposed under this licence/certificate is not exceeded.

The person responsible for the day to day management of the premises should be aware of the number of people on those premises and required to inform any authorised person on request.

23 Fire action notices

The licensee will ensure that notices detailing the actions to be taken in the event of fire or other emergencies including how the fire brigade are summoned are prominently displayed and protected from damage and deterioration.

24 Outbreaks of fire

The licensee will ensure that the Fire Brigade must be called at once to any outbreak of fire, however slight, and the details recorded in a fire log book.

25 Loss of water

The licensee will ensure that the local fire control centre are notified as soon as possible if the water supply to any hydrant, hose reel, sprinkler, drencher or other fire extinguishing installation is cut off or restricted.

26 Access for emergency vehicles

The licensee will ensure that access for emergency vehicles is kept clear and free from obstruction.

27 First aid

The licensee will ensure that

- (a) Adequate and appropriate supply of first aid equipment and materials is available on the premises.
- (b) If necessary, at least one suitably trained first aider shall be on duty when the public are present and if more than one suitably trained first aider that their respective duties are clearly defined.

28 Lighting

The licensee will ensure that

- (a) In the absence of adequate daylight the lighting in any area accessible to the public, members or guests shall be fully in operation when they are present.
- (b) Fire safety signs are adequately illuminated.
- (c) Emergency lighting is not altered.
- (d) Emergency lighting batteries are fully charged before the admission of public, members or guests.
- (e) In the event of the failure of normal lighting, where the emergency lighting battery has a capacity of one hour, arrangements are in place to ensure that the public, members or guests leave the premises within 20 minutes unless within that time normal lighting has been restored and the battery is being recharged; and, if the emergency lighting battery has a capacity of 3 hours, the appropriate period by the end of which the public should have left the premises is one hour.

29 Temporary electrical installations

The licensee will ensure that

- (a) Temporary electrical wiring and distribution systems are not provided without prior inspection by a suitable qualified electrician.
- (b) Temporary electrical wiring and distribution system shall comply with the recommendations of BS 7671 or where applicable BS 7909.
- (c) Where they have not been installed by a competent person, temporary electrical wiring and distribution systems are inspected and certified by a competent person before they are put to use.

30 Indoor sports entertainments

The licensee will ensure that

- (a) If necessary, an appropriately qualified medical practitioner is present throughout the sports entertainment involving boxing, wrestling, judo, karate or other sports entertainment of a similar nature.
- (b) Where a ring is involved it is constructed and supported by a competent person and inspected by a competent authority and any material used to form the skirt around the ring is flame retardant.
- (c) At any wrestling or other entertainment of a similar nature members of the public do not occupy any seat within 2.5 metres of the ring.
- (d) At water sports entertainment, staff are adequately trained in rescue and life safety procedure and stationed and remain within the vicinity of the water at all material times.

31 Alterations to the premises

Premises should not be altered in such a way as to make it impossible to comply with an existing licence condition without first seeking a variation of the premises licence proposing the deletion of the condition relating to the public safety in question.

32 Special effects

Any special effects or mechanical installation should be arranged and stored so as to minimise any risk to the safety of the audience and performers and staff.

Special effects which should be considered include:

- Dry ice machines and cryogenic fog
- Smoke machines and fog generators
- Pyrotechnics including fireworks
- Real flame
- Fire arms
- Motor vehicles
- Strobe lighting
- Lasers

- Explosives and highly flammable substances

These special effects must only be used on the provision of a suitable and sufficient risk assessment and prior notification to the licensing authority.

Conditions relating to theatres, cinemas, concert halls and similar places (promotion of public safety)

Premises used for closely seated audiences

33 Attendants

- (a) The number of attendants on each floor in a closely seated auditorium should be as set out in the table below.

Number of members of the audience present on a floor	Minimum number of attendants required to be present on that floor
1-100	1
101-250	2
251-500	3
501-750	4
751-1000	5
And one additional attendant for each additional 250 (or part thereof)	

- (b) Attendants shall not be engaged in any duties that would hinder the prompt discharge of their duties in the event of an emergency or entail their absence from that floor or auditorium where they are on duty.
- (c) Any attendant shall be readily identifiable to the audience (but this need not entail the wearing of a uniform).
- (d) The premises shall not be used for a closely seated audience except in accordance with seating plan(s), a copy of which is available at the premises and shall be shown to any authorised person on request.
- (e) No article shall be attached to the back of any seat which would reduce the clear width of seatways or cause a tripping hazard or obstruction.
- (f) A copy of any certificate relating to the design, construction and loading of any temporary seating shall be kept available at the premises and shall be shown to any authorised person on request.

34 Standing and sitting in gangways

- (a) Sitting on floors shall not be permitted except where authorised in the premises licence or club premises certificate.

- (b) Waiting or standing shall not be permitted except in areas designated in the premises licence or club premises certificate.
- (c) In no circumstance shall anyone be permitted to
- (i) Sit in any gangway
 - (ii) Stand or sit in front of any exit, or
 - (iii) Stand or sit on any staircase including any landings

35 Drinks

Except as authorised by the premises licence or the club premises certificate, no drink shall be sold to or be consumed by a closely seated audience except in plastic and paper containers.

36 Balcony fronts

Clothing or other objects shall not be placed over balcony rails or upon balcony fronts.

37 Special effects

Any special effects or mechanical installation shall be arranged and stored so as to minimise any risk to the safety of the audience, the performers and staff.

Special effects include:

- Dry ice machines and cryogenic fog
- Smoke machines and fog generators
- Pyrotechnics including fireworks
- Real flame
- Fire arms
- Motor vehicles
- Strobe lighting
- Lasers (see HSE guide “the radiation safety of lasers used for display purposes [HS(G)95] and BSEN 60825: Safety of Laser Products)
- Explosives and highly flammable substances

In certain circumstances it may be necessary to require that certain special effects are only used with the prior notification of the Licensing Authority or [inspection by] fire authority.

38 Scenery

Any scenery should be maintained as being flame retardant.

39 Safety curtain

Where a safety curtain is provided it should be arranged so as to protect the audience from the effects of a fire or smoke on stage for some sufficient time to enable the safe evacuation of the auditorium.

Where a stage with a proscenium arch is not equipped with a safety curtain, any curtains provided between the stage and the auditorium should be heavyweight and be made of non combustible material inherently or durably treated flame retardant fabric.

40 Ceilings

All ceilings in those parts of the premises to which the audience are admitted should be inspected by a suitably qualified person who will decide whether a further inspection would be necessary and a certificate concerning the conditions of the ceilings forwarded to the Licensing Authority.

41 Seating

Where the potential audience exceeds 250 all seats in the auditorium should, except in boxes accommodating not more than 8 persons, be either securely fixed to the floor or battened together in lengths of not fewer than 4 or more than 12.

Premises used for film exhibitions

42 Attendance – premises without a staff alerting system

Where the premises are not equipped with a staff alerting system the number of attendants present should be as set out in the table below.

Number of members of the audience present on the premises	Minimum number of attendants required to be on duty
1-250	2
And one additional attendant for each additional 250 members of the audience present (or part thereof).	
Where there are more than 150 members of an audience in any auditorium or on any floor	At least one attendant shall be present in any auditorium or on any floor

43 Attendance – premises with a staff alerting system

(a) Where premises are equipped with a staff alerting system the number of attendants present should be as set out in the table below.

Number of members of the audience present on the premises	Minimum number of attendants required to be on duty	Minimum number of other staff on the premises who are available to assist in the event of an emergency
1-500	2	1
501-1000	3	2
1001-1500	4	4
1501 or more	5 plus one for every 500 (or part thereof) persons over 2000 on the premises	5 plus one for every 500 (or part thereof) persons over 2000 on the premises

- (b) Staff shall not be considered as being available to assist in the event of an emergency if they are:
- (i) The holder of the premises licence or the manager on duty at the premises or
 - (ii) A member of staff whose normal duties or responsibilities are likely to significantly effect or delay his response in an emergency situation
 - (iii) A member of staff whose usual location when on duty is more than 60 metres from the location to which he is required to go on being alerted to an emergency situation.
- (c) Attendants shall, as far as reasonably practicable, be evenly distributed throughout all parts of the premises to which the public have access and keep under observations all parts of the premises to which the audience have access.
- (d) The staff alerting system shall be maintained in working order.

44 Minimum lighting

The level of lighting in the auditorium should be as great as possible consistent with the effective presentation of the film and the level of illumination maintained in the auditorium during the showing of films would normally be regarded as satisfactory if it complies with the stands specified in BS CP1007(maintained lighting for cinemas).

45 Flammable films

No flammable films should be allowed on the premises without the prior notification of the licensing authority/fire authority.

Conditions relating to prevention of public nuisance

46 Hours

- (a) Any appropriate restrictions on opening hours
- (b) Any appropriate restrictions when certain licensable activities can take place
- (c) Any appropriate restrictions on parts of the premises that might be used for certain licensable activities at certain times.

47 Noise

- (a) Noise impact assessment of the licensed activities at the premises must be carried out to the satisfaction of the licensing authority. Proposed steps to prevent noise must, if necessary, also be submitted for inclusion within the operating schedule.
- (b) The following licensed activities that have the potential to create public nuisance shall not be permitted unless they are done so in accordance with the controls below:

For example

Activity	Control
<i>Playing of amplified, pre-recorded music</i>	<i>Music shall only be played in the main function suite and shall go on no later than 23.30</i>

- (i) A noise limiting device shall be installed, fitted and maintained in such a manner as to control all sources of amplified music at the premises. Once set such a device should be inaccessible to the licensee or her staff.
- (ii) All [*external doors / windows*] must be kept closed, other than for access and egress, in all rooms when events involving amplified music or speech are taking place. Ventilation or air conditioning may be required in warm weather.
- (iii) The [*doors / windows*] at [*specify*] shall be fitted with [*double /secondary*] glazing in order to improve the sound attenuation of the premises.
- (iv) No music or speech shall be relayed via external speakers other than for events with the prior approval of the licensing authority.
- (vi) A [*sound trap lobby / acoustic door / automatic door closer*] shall be installed to [*describe the location*].
- (vii) A scheme of soundproofing the [*relevant parts*] of the premises must be agreed with the licensing authority and the work completed to the licensing authorities satisfaction.

(viii) [*Openings / specify*] in the external fabric of the premises must be acoustically sealed to the satisfaction of the licensing authority.

(ix) An alarm shall be fitted to [all external windows / fire doors] which alerts staff when [they / it] are opened without authorisation.

(x) The specification, location and orientation of all permanently fixed speakers shall be agreed with the licensing authority.

(xi) No fireworks or other pyrotechnics shall be used other than with the prior consent of the licensing authority.

(xii) Noise from the premises shall not result in exceedences of the following noise levels expressed as [*x minute Laeq*] at [*stated location*];

Frequency Range	From a hours to b hours	From y hours to z hours
[<i>Whole range</i>]	<i>x dBA</i>	<i>y dBA</i>
[<i>63Hz octave band</i>]	<i>x dBA</i>	<i>y dBA</i>
[<i>125 Hz octave band</i>]	<i>x dBA</i>	<i>y dBA</i>

(xiii) Prominent, clear notices shall be displayed at [*all exits / in the beer garden*] requesting customers to respect the needs of local residents and leave the premises and the area quietly.

(xiv) The [*garden / patio*] must not be used by customers after the hours of xx.xx.

(xv) The car park must be securely locked to prevent access to customers cars between xx.xx and yy.yy. Larger car parks to be managed to prevent disturbance particularly when they are adjacent to residential premises.

(xvi) Disposal of waste bottles into external receptacles where the noise will be audible to neighbouring properties must not occur between xx.xx and yy.yy

(xvii) Arrangements must be put in place to ensure that waste collection contractors do not collect refuse between xx.xx and yy.yy.

(xviii) Staff must be given adequate training to prevent them causing unnecessary noise when they leave the premises and prominent, clear notices displayed at all points where staff leave the building must instruct them to respect the needs of local residents and leave the premises and the area quietly.

(xix) The licensee or a nominated representative shall receive and respond to complaints throughout the duration of all noisy events.

(xx) No inflatable play equipment shall be used without the agreement of the Licensing Authority with respect to its hours of use and other conditions as may be appropriate.

(xxi) The [*car park/ garden*] shall be managed to ensure that it is not used for [*ball games /skateboarding/ other noisy recreational activities*].

(xxii) Acoustic screens/enclosures to be used to prevent the spread of noise from equipment.

(xxiii) External plant to be properly maintained to prevent mechanical deterioration.

48 Litter and Waste

An adequate number of waste receptacles for use by patrons shall be provided in positions agreed with the licensing authority and it shall be the responsibility of the licensee to empty and dispose of the collected refuse at a frequency to be agreed with the licensing authority.

Such collections should also be carried out at reasonable hours of the day.

The licensee shall comply with the Voluntary Code of Practice For The Fast Food Industry (DEFRA 2003) or any document which supersedes this.

49 Lighting

Any artificial lighting on the premises must not cause nuisance due to glare unless it is considered necessary by the local Police force to prevent crime and disorder.

50 Noxious smells

The licensee shall endeavour to ensure that there are no noxious smells emitted from the licensed premise so as to cause a nuisance to nearby properties and that the licensed premise is properly vented.

Conditions relating to the protection of children from harm

Access for children to licensed premises – in general

51 Children under the age of 18 years shall not be permitted to licensed premises where there has been a known association (having been presented with evidence) with or likely to give rise to:

Heavy or binge or under age drinking
Drugs
Significant gambling

Any activity or entertainment (whether regulated entertainment or not) of a clearly adult or sexual nature

- 52 No child under the age of 12 shall be allowed in a premise unaccompanied by an adult after 11.00pm in the evening in cases where that premise, is not serving alcohol for consumption on the premises, but where the public are allowed on that premises after that time.

Age restrictions – specific

- 53 The hours of the day during which age restrictions should and should not apply.
- 54 Types of event or activity in respect of which no age restrictions may be needed
- 55 Types of event or activity which give rise to a more acute need for age restrictions than normal.

Age restrictions – cinemas

- 56 Films should be classified in the following way:

U – Universal. Suitable for audiences age 4 years and over.

PG – Parental Guidance. Some scenes may be unsuitable for young children.

12A – passed only for viewing by persons aged 12 years or older or persons younger than 12 when accompanied by an adult.

15 – Passed only for viewing by persons aged 15 years and over.

18 – Passed only for viewing by persons aged 18 years and over.

- 57 The licensee must ensure that immediately before each exhibition at the premises of a film passed by the British Board of Film Classification there shall be exhibited on screen for at least 5 seconds in such a manner as to be easily read by all persons in the auditorium a reproduction of the certificate of the Board or, as regards a trailer advertising a film, of the statement approved by the Board indicating the classification of the film.

Theatres – performances especially for children

- 58 An attendant to be stationed in the area(s) occupied by the children, in the vicinity of each exit, provided that on each level occupied by children the minimum number of attendants on duty should be one attendant per 50 children or part thereof.

In cases of an event involving a significant number of unaccompanied children, the licensee should have a child protection policy in place to carry out suitable checks on staff before they take up employment.

Children in performances

59 In addition to the requirements of the Children (Performances) Regulations 1968, as amended the licensee shall ensure that with regard to the:-

venue – the back stage facility should be large enough to accommodate safely the number of children taking part in any performance.

Fire safety – all chaperones and production crew on the show should receive instruction on the fire procedures applicable to the venue prior to the arrival of the children.

Special effects – it may be inappropriate to use certain special effects including smoke, dry ice, rapid pulsating or flashing lights which may trigger adverse reactions especially in the case of children

Care of children – theatres, concert halls and similar places are places of work and may contain a lot of potentially dangerous equipment, it is therefore important that children performing at such premises are kept under adult supervision at all times including transfer from stage to dressing room or anywhere else on the premises. It is also important that the children can be accounted for at all times in case of an evacuation or emergency.

The Portman Group: practice on the naming, packaging and promotion of alcoholic drinks

The Portman Group was set up in 1989 by the UK's leading drinks producers and its purpose is

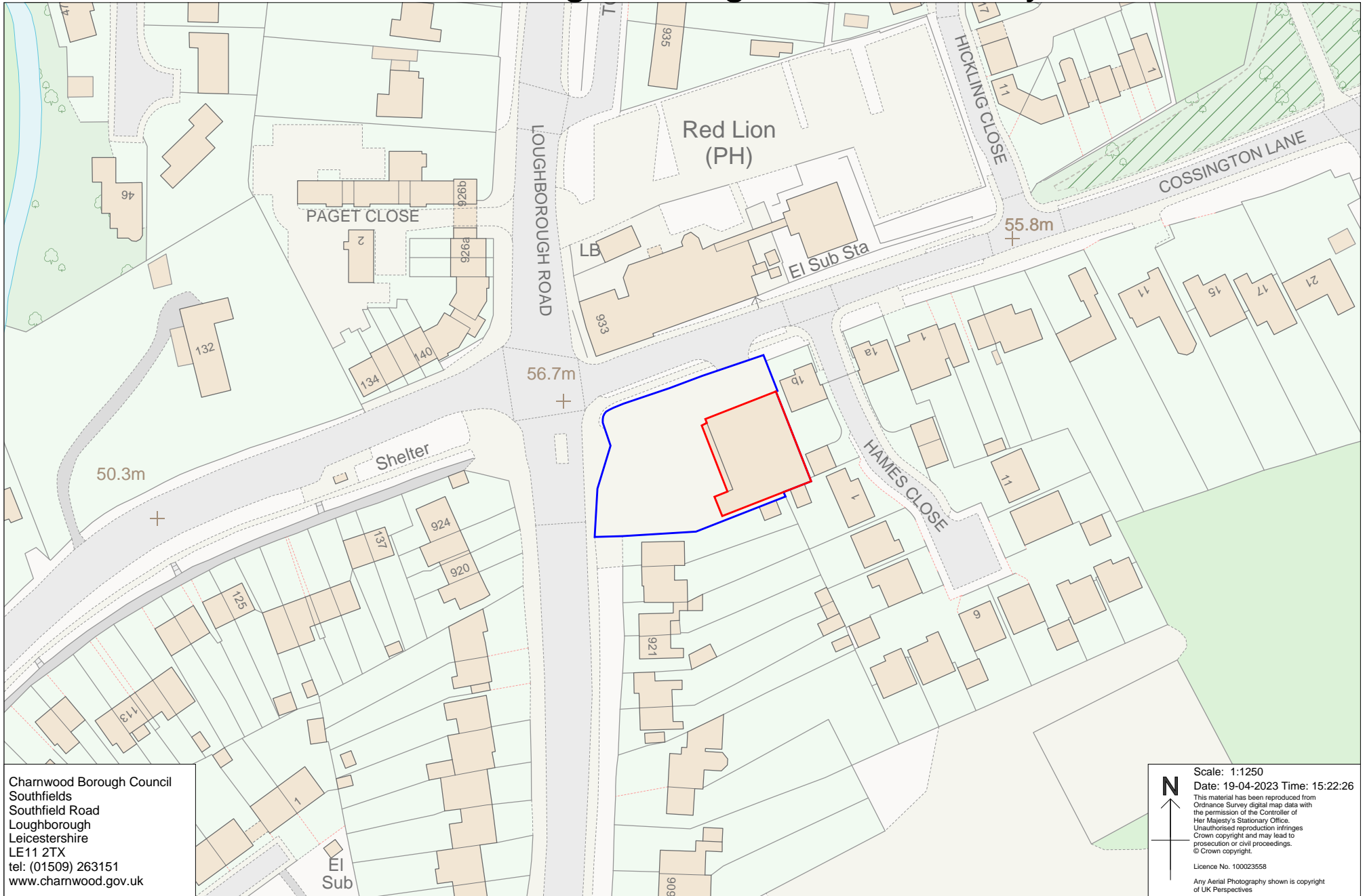
- To promote responsible drinking
- To help prevent misuse of alcohol
- To encourage responsible marketing
- To foster a balanced understanding of alcohol related issues.

60 The licensee shall comply with the Portman Group's retailer alert bulletins.

For more information of such Bulletins access the Portman Group's website on www.portman-group.org.uk/codeofpractice/63.asp or contact the Group on 020 7907 3700 or by writing to the Portman Group, 7-10 Chandos Street, London, W16 9DG.

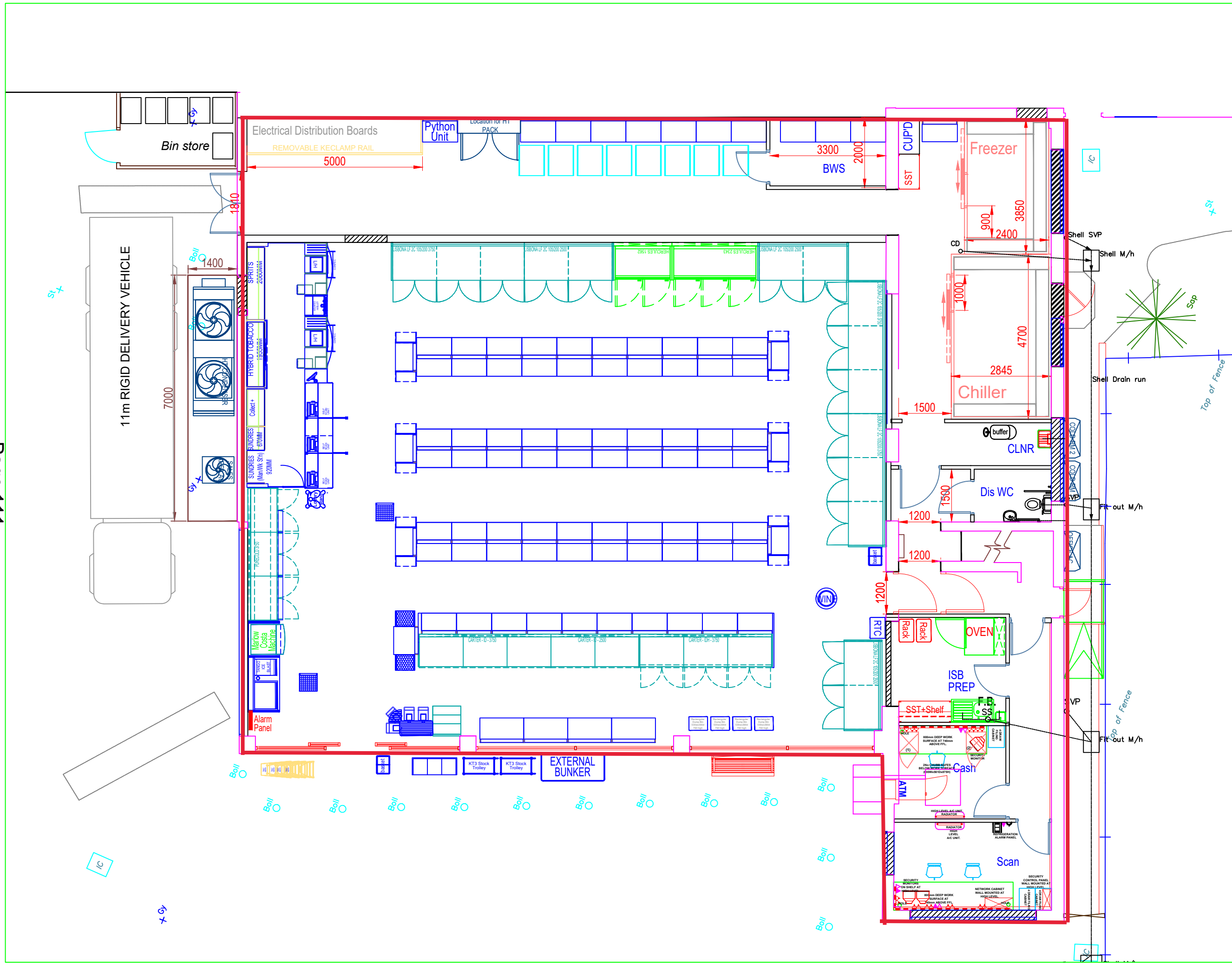
929-931 Loughborough Road Rothley

APPENDIX 9



Charnwood Borough Council
Southfields
Southfield Road
Loughborough
Leicestershire
LE11 2TX
tel: (01509) 263151
www.charnwood.gov.uk

Scale: 1:1250
Date: 19-04-2023 Time: 15:22:26
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Merchandise Layout Revisions		
Letter	Date	Revision

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Whole of Premises Licensed for sale of alcohol by retail

Drawing Revisions		
#	Date	Revision

central coop
 Central House, Hermes Road, Lichfield, Staffordshire, WS13 6RH Tel: 01543 414140

Site Address
**931 LOUGHBOROUGH RD
 ROTHLEY
 LE7 7NH**

Project Type
LICENSING

Drawing Title/Stage
LICENSING LAYOUT

Scale 1:100@A3	Date DEC 2022
Drawing Number 21-023-W60	Drawing Rev CAD
Lock & Approved Date	Draw by C WEBBER

Sales Area 2,750sqft	Back-up Area 1,840sqft	Gross Area 4,590sqft
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